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SEPARATE PEACE ASKED BY TURKEY, REPORTS INDICATE

Italian Foreign Minister So Hints In Message To Paris

IS URGED TO DELAY

Berlin Pressing It To Await Result Of Present Negotiations

ALLIED COMMENT

Press Distrustful Of Germans' Promises In Note To Wilson

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, October 14.—The Vienna correspondent of the Weser Zeitung telegraphs that Turkey notified the Austrian Government that she intended to seek a separate peace. The Central Powers urged Turkey to await the result of the present pourparlers with President Wilson. Turkey made no reply to this advice.

Rome, October 14.—Baron Sonnino, the Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs, in the course of a message to the Armenian Legation in Paris indicated that Turkey has requested an armistice.

Surrender Necessary, Says Press

New York, October 13.—The editorials today reiterate that a complete surrender of Germany is necessary as a basis for peace. All are skeptical concerning Germany's sincerity.

The New York Tribune remarks that the only satisfactory proof of a change in the German Government would be the abdication of the Kaiser and the renunciation of the succession by his discredited dynasty.

The Washington Post says that President Wilson and the other Allies will not cease the process of annihilating the German Empire till they have hostages making treachery impossible.

The Albany Knickerbocker Press considers the German Note an insult to the American people.

The Boston Post demands that before a step is taken in the direction of peace Germany must surrender her fleet, consent to the occupation of Kiel and Heligoland by the Allies and give up the fortifications along the Rhine.

Foch's Terms To Rule

London, October 14.—Skepticism concerning German sincerity and insistence on guarantees, dictated not merely by Marshal Foch but also by the British Admiralty, before an armistice is possible are the keynotes of the comment in the papers, which point out that the rejoicings in the London theaters and other places on Saturday evening were premature, for the German reply was in no way a surrender.

The Daily Chronicle remarks: "We cannot contemplate Germany withdrawing her armies intact, reconstituting them on a shorter line and then rattling the sword again at the peace conference. The conditions of an armistice are naval and military questions. Marshal Foch may ask the Germans to leave all their guns behind and also for the occupation of Alsace-Lorraine by the Allies with temporary bridgeheads on the Rhine, while the necessity for stopping criminal submarinism may involve the surrender of all German submarines."

The Daily Telegraph remarks that it is impossible for the Entente armies to contemplate an armistice without most substantial guarantees: for example, the surrender of strategic points like Metz and Strasbourg, while Great Britain should demand the surrender of the U-boats and the dismantling of the High Seas Fleet.

Punishment Before Peace

The Daily Graphic demands punishment before peace.

The Morning Post says that Germany's design is impudently clear. It is to get the Allies and America

(Continued on Page 13)

Today Is Your Last Chance To Help Make Kaiser's Mail Aadress 'Oblivion'

Up To Three O'clock You Can Give Him An Extra Shove Out Of France---And Get A Liberty Bond Besides

All records for Liberty Loan subscriptions were shattered yesterday when G.$195,350 was received at local banks and Tsingtau and Newchwang reported a total of G.$22,050. The day's total of G.$217,400 brought the grand total for North China to G.$1,602,400, a figure far beyond the early forecasts of the drive workers. Of this amount nearly one million dollars has been subscribed here. The campaign ends with the closing of banks this afternoon and the committee anticipates a big closing day.

Many Chinese pledged amounts yesterday but they are not totaled in this morning's figures because of the rush at the banks yesterday.

But 56 buyers are represented in the Shanghai subscriptions of G.$195,350. Two Chinese purchased bonds amounting to G.$100,000. Subscriptions yesterday were comparatively large. Three buyers at the Russo-Asiatic Bank purchased bonds amounting to G.$17,000, one sale at the Chartered Bank brought G.$2,500 and G.$15,900 in bonds was taken by the dozen buyers at the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

The International Bank has settled exchange for well over a half a million dollars worth of the American war securities and this bank as well as many others is behind in the daily total because of the amount of work entailed in selling the bonds.

Final figures will not be ready tonight although the committee will be able to give a conservative estimate of the North China total.

More subscriptions are anticipated from Siberia today following the G.$5,650 received from Vladivostok. The Russo-Asiatic Bank wired all sub-agencies as far as Omsk and returns should be in this afternoon.

Yesterday's figures:

Name of Bank	Subscribers	Amount
International Banking Corporation	23	G.$145,800
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	12	15,900
American Express Co.	4	4,150
Russo-Asiatic Bank	3	17,000
Bank of China	1	250
American-Oriental Bank	13	5,050
Chartered Bank	1	2,500
Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank	4	1,050
Bank of Communications	4	3,650
Totals	65	G.$195,350

$52,000,000 Subscribed At One Meeting In U.S.

(American Wireless To Reuter)

New York, October 15.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Fifty-two million dollars was subscribed to the Fourth Liberty Loan at a meeting held here today under the auspices of the United States Shipping Board, attended by diplomatic representatives of 22 Allied nations.

Outports:

Tsingtau (through Hongkong and Shanghai Bank)	2,050
Newchwang	20,000
	G.$22,050
Total	G.$217,400

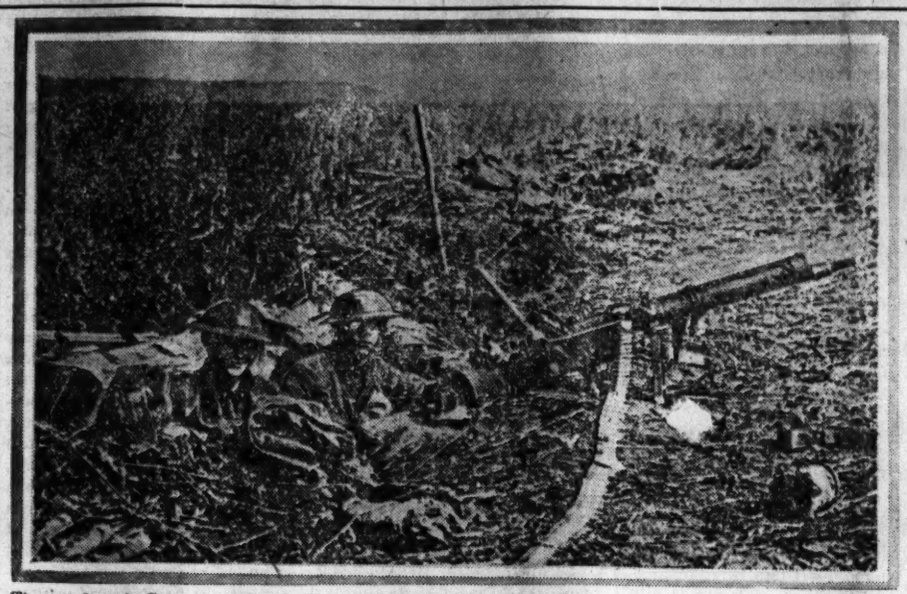
The drive to date:

Name of Bank	Subscribers	Amount
International Banking Corporation	842	G.$554,400
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	207	163,350
Bank of China	72	134,450
American Express Co.	132	64,800
Russo-Asiatic Bank	60	79,900
Direct Drafts on U.S.A.	20	27,850
Banque Industrielle de Chine	43	23,300
American-Oriental Bank	146	35,300
Chartered Bank	43	29,950
Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank	36	28 100
Yokohama Specie Bank	1	1,500
Bank of Communications	11	6,250
Totals	1,613	G.$1,149.150

Outports:

Hankow	G.$106,600
Tientsin	182,000
Peking	112,000
Vladivostok.	5,650
(Through Russo-Asiatic Bank) Tsingtau	12,250
(Through Hongkong and Shanghai Bank) Chefoo	4,750
Newchwang	20,000
	G.$453,250
Total for North China	G.$1,602,400

Yankee Fighters Capture Machine Gun At Chateau-Thierry



Thousands of German machine guns were captured by the Franco-American forces in their attack on Chateau-Thierry. The photo shows Yankee soldiers operating a captured German gun, which was taken with a large supply of ammunition and immediately turned upon the fleeing Huns.

U.S. Will Continue Sending 250,000 Men To France Monthly

No Relaxation Of Effort Intended In Spite Of Peace Efforts

(French Wireless)

Lyons, October 15.—The White House announces that the American Government will continue to send troops to Europe at the rate of 250,000 men a month and also the necessary material and there will be no relaxation of effort.

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, October 14.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—It was announced that arrangements had been completed for the monthly despatch of 250,000 American troops to France, with their supplies. and this program will be maintained without relaxation.

LIANG SHIH-YI PREVENTS VOTE ON VICE-PRESIDENT

Prevents A Quorum In Both Houses Of Parliament And Election Is Postponed

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, October 16.—The election of the Vice-President has been further postponed as there was no quorum present. In the House of Representatives 189 members attended the session while 82 members of the Senate were present, demonstrating Liang Shih-yi's undiminished control, which lately has been questioned.

Liang Shih-yi tenaciously adheres to the policy of endeavoring to secure the election of a Vice-President representing the South or the postponement of the election while Tuan Chih-jui and the military party strive to consummate the election of a Northerner, which would remove the last hope of a peaceful settlement and President Hsu Shih-chang finds the militarists continually following his efforts to bring about peace.

In this connection it is most significant that the Premier's Department communicated to the Chinese press the messages of congratulation received by President Hsu Shih-chang on his election from Brazil and Mexico but withheld the message from President Wilson, which added that "this is an auspicious moment for the leaders of China to lay aside their differences and, guided by a spirit of patriotism and self-sacrifice, to unite in the determination to bring about the harmonious co-operation of all the elements of your great nation and so to contribute its best efforts for the good of the whole and enable China to reconstitute her national unity and assume her rightful place in the councils of nations."

All three notes were communicated to the Peking Daily News but the foreign correspondents were wholly ignored. The attempt of the militarists thus to restrict publicity of President Wilson's note was a thin artifice amply demonstrating fear of President Wilson's policy, which sooner or later must find application in China, if not in other Far Eastern countries.

Evidence Of Players Taken For New Baseball Libel Suit

Navy Men Give Testimony Proposed For Use In Mr. J. I. Ezra's Action Against Mr. W. L. Merriman

Evidence contemplated for use in a civil action for slander and libel against Mr. W. L. Merriman by Mr. Judah I. Ezra as a result of the recent baseball scandal was taken from two United States Navy men in the United States Court for China yesterday morning.

The evidence was given by Mr. J. A. Halpin, ship's doctor on the U.S.S. Quiros, and Mr. J. J. Maloney, petty officer, and tended to show that from the standpoint of experienced ball players who had participated in some of the games with the 9th Cavalry team, the contests were won and lost on their merits and were not "thrown." The hearing for the perpetuation of the testimony was held before Judge Charles S. Lobingier, Mr. A. D. Gibbs appearing for the prospective plaintiff and Messrs. Sterling, Fessenden and Earl B. Rose for the prospective defendant.

Dr. Halpin Gives Opinion

Dr. Halpin's testimony, which was brief, was chiefly to the effect that as a witness of the three games which the Cavalry lost—to Meiji University, Shanghai and the Navy—he saw nothing to indicate that they were not played and lost on their merits. He had taken part in the Navy game and if he had known of anything showing a desire of the 9th Cavalry to lose the game he would not have played and, as athletic officer, would have requested the commanding officer to forbid the Navy team to engage in the contest.

Under cross-examination he stated that it was possible games might be thrown without his observing it. He stated that as a player he was not as experienced as the Cavalrymen. He had seen nothing to indicate whether the negro players were drunk on the ball field. He testified that he had never met the prospective plaintiff until that morning.

Mr. Maloney testified that he had played baseball for eight years in the Navy. He had played in the Shanghai-Cavalry game of July 30, when Shanghai won, and saw no evidence of any "throwing" of the contest.

The witness said that he watched the Cavalry-Meiji game of August 3 from a seat in the first base bleachers, rooting for the Army team. Meiji had played errorless ball and there was no indication that the game was "thrown." He thought he would have noticed if there had been. The witness said that the Cavalry players had been out the night before as they thought that they were not to play on the following day.

No Indication Of "Throwing"

In the game which the Cavalry lost to the Navy on August 5 the witness testified that he played first base for the latter team. There was no indication of any "throwing" of the game and he was sure he would have noticed it if the contest had been so lost. He was of the opinion that all of the games were played and won or lost on their merits. Mr. Maloney stated that he had known the 9th Cavalry ball players nearly two years and was with them every night during their stay here and, with other Navy men, had helped entertain them. He said he know the prospective plaintiff and that the latter and Messrs. Gensburger and Elias first met the 9th Cavalrymen on the evening of July 30 at the Savoy Hotel, the witness having introduced them.

The latter had asked to be introduced to Jordon. The witness told of being asked to see Capt. Barrett of the S. M. Police after the bribery story had gained circulation and had given testimony similar to that given in court after which Capt. Barrett had dismissed him with the remark that he was "sorry he couldn't give them any information."

Under cross-examination by Mr. Rose, Mr. Maloney said that in the July 30 game the Cavalry made two errors.

Regarding the Meiji-Cavalry game, upon which it has been indicated that the suit will be based, the witness said that it had been "nip and tuck" until the last two innings when the Japanese players scored 7 runs, winning 8 to 1. The scoring was done, he said, by the "squeeze play," which they had worked three times in succession. The witness said that he considered the Meiji team as good as the Cavalry except for their pitchers and excepting Jordon, who was "in a class by himself." Errors had been made by Jordon and Evans, the battery, in the squeeze plays. He could not swear as to their being made on purpose but to his observation they were not intentional. Mr. Maloney denied that he had ever expressed the opinion that any of the games were thrown and also denied that he had expressed such an opinion to Mr. Bunn of the Baseball Association while sitting on the bench during the Navy-Cavalry game.

Examined again by Mr. Gibbs, the witness stated that it was an easy thing to make errors. They were made by many first class players at critical times.

Civil Action Not Filed

The civil action which Mr. Ezra has indicated his intention of bringing has not yet been filed in the United States Court. The evidence of the two witnesses was taken yesterday because of the expected departure of the U.S.S. Quiros from port. According to the perpetuation of evidence petition the intended suit will be for "slander and libel in falsely and maliciously charging and publishing, orally and by written and printed matter, that the petitioner and others by means of bribery and corruption had defrauded certain persons of money wagered by them with the petitioner and others on the outcome of a certain baseball game played on August 3 between Meiji University and the 9th U. S. Cavalry."

WHEEL PREMISES SEALED

The premises at 24 North Honan Road, where "The Wheel" formerly held forth, were officially sealed by the Chinese authorities October 12, according to the Municipal Gazette.

END OF DUAL MONARCHY IMMINENT, SWISS REPORT

Emperor Conferring With Anti-German Statesmen And Situation Is Critical

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 14.—Various messages indicate that the situation in Austria-Hungary is more critical. A telegram from Zurich even says that the end of the Dual Monarchy is imminent. There have been violent pacifist demonstrations in Vienna and Budapest and the Emperor of Austria has been conferring with Austrian and Hungarian statesmen who are opposed to Germany.

RELATIONS WITH FINLAND BROKEN OFF BY FRANCE

Election Of German Prince As King Is Reason, Paris Announces

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, October 14.—Official. France has broken off diplomatic relations with Finland owing to the Finnish Diet illegally electing the Prince of Hesse as King of Finland.

Influenza Microbe Found By Frenchman

Germ Causing Epidemic All Over World In Last Year Discovered

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, October 14.—The influenza microbe has been discovered by a Frenchman.

JOINT ALLIED PROTEST MADE ON GOLD NOTES

Japan Holds Out, However, Causing Suspicion Of Its Policy In Peking

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, October 16.—The British, French, Russian and American Legations have made a joint protest against the gold notes scheme this morning. The Japanese Legation has not yet associated itself with the protest, finding reason for delay in a statement that the matter must be referred to Tokio. This is the first instance in which Japan has held aloof from Allied policy against the gold note scheme and imperils the belief among Japan's friends that the Japanese Government did not support Nishihara's financial adventures.

American Soldiers Ask Reading Matter

Troops In Siberia Send Out Call For Books And Magazines

The American troops in Siberia are calling for reading matter and two local agencies are ready to co-operate in sending magazines, books, papers and the like to them.

The Navy Y.M.C.A. here has received a telegram asking the shipment of reading material to Vladivostok and, learning that ship is leaving for the northern port immediately, asks that anyone having matter which they are willing to donate send it to the Y.M.C.A. offices at 107 Broadway before noon today in order to catch this ship. Matter received subsequently will be sent as rapidly as boats are available.

The United States Post Office here also announces that magazines left with their staff will be forwarded. All that is necessary is the placing of a cent stamp on the copy.

ALLIES IN DRIVE TO CLEAR ENEMY OUT OF FLANDERS

Still Another Offensive Is Begun In The Direction Of Courtrai

GOOD EARLY GAIN

French Advance Over Four Miles And Take Severa Thousand Prisoners

FAR BEYOND LAON

Progress To Line Of Sissone And Camp Sissone, Six-Mile Gain

(French Wireless)

Lyons direct, October 15, 10 p.m.—After chasing the Germans on Sunday from Laon, the French troops again took the offensive on Monday on their left wing in Flanders in the direction of Roulers on a front of forty kilometers. They are attacking, in cooperating with the Belgians, on their left in the direction of Thorout and on their right, with the British forces, in the direction of Courtrai. The French troops entered Roulers on Monday morning and advanced their front seven kilometers. Several thousand prisoners have been taken.

The French forces have made a further advance varying from four to ten kilometers east of the Oise in the region of St. Quentin. More than a thousand prisoners have been captured, which shows the extent of the success achieved.

General Mangin's troops have again advanced from two to four kilometers. They have occupied Sissonne, thirteen miles east of Laon, and the enormous instruction camp.

The Americans, on their front, have gained some ground between the Argonne and the Meuse.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 15.—(By wireless). A German official communique reports:

The enemy in Flanders renewed his attacks on a wide front and captured Roulers, Handzaeme and Cortemarck.

Two Miles Ahead Early

London, October 14, 4:25 p.m.—The British, French and Belgian forces commenced a big attack today in the direction of Courtrai.

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters reports:

The 2nd British army, with strong forces of Allied troops operating between them and the Yser floods, attacked in Flanders this morning.

Our front of attack extends from the river Lys to the hamlet of St. Peters on the Roulers-Menin road.

At eight o'clock this morning we had advanced an average of 3,000 yards and about 600 prisoners had been sent back. We were then within 1,500 yards of Moorseele.

A German official communique reports:

The enemy has attacked on a wide front between Dixmude and the Lys. We stemmed the thrust.

Enemy Escapes Disaster

It is reliably stated that the retirement of the enemy to the Hunding Line has hitherto been quite orderly and unhurried and it does not seem as if the enemy is in any way in a desperate condition. He is reacting very easily north of Le Cateau and at present is not adopting, from a military point of view, the attitude of a beaten enemy. He has undoubtedly escaped from a very awkward corner very successfully but his position is uneasy and his line very awkward, especially between the Oise and the Scarpe. Undoubtedly the enemy will not be allowed to rest and blows will be delivered in other quarters.

Far Beyond Laon

Paris, October 13.—The official communique issued this evening reports:

The 10th Army this morning entered Laon, liberating 6,500 civilians. We have passed far beyond the town on the whole front between the Oise and north of the Aisne.

East of La Fere we are on the edge of the southern bank of the River Serre as far as Courbes station.

Every day there is a new German retreat and the line held for

four years in France and Belgium crumbles away. The enemy is giving up ground of the greatest tactical importance. Yesterday General Mangin's steady pressure gained Chemin-des-Dames and he was within four kilometers of Laon. Vouziers, for long a German base, has been taken.

Germans Must Seek New Line

Paris, October 14.—Laon and La Fere, most important centers, have been taken and the fortified forest of St. Gobain has now been cleared of the enemy. Laon was one of the great bastions of the German positions in France and the Germans will be forced to withdraw to the line of the Meuse, Mezieres and Lille. The German army has lost immense quantities of material and now it must clear the other salients.

The official communique issued this afternoon reports:

On the whole front we maintained close contact with the enemy infantry.

South of Chateau Porcien we drove back to the north bank of the canal the last enemy elements who were still resisting.

AMERICAN TANKS IN ACTION

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, October 15.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—A press despatch from a correspondent with the American army northwest of Verdun says the American troops west of the Meuse are beyond Cunel, and Romagne in the Bois de Bantheville. Farther west the American line has reached Landres St. Georges. Tanks have been put in action by the Americans and are breaking their way through the enemy entanglements west of Romagne.

Felicities Exchanged At Dinner To Japanese

(American Wireless To Reuter)

San Francisco, October 15.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—The Japanese Society of America banqueted Tamakichi Ohta, the new Japanese Consul-General at San Francisco, and Dr. T. Miyaoka, a noted Japanese lawyer of Tokio. Mr. Francis B. Loomis, formerly Secretary of State, acted as toastmaster. He introduced Mr. Ohta and told the debt California owes to Japan for keeping the submarines out of the Pacific.

Mr. Ohta said the war was bringing closer unity between Japan and the United States and expressed the admiration of the world for the United States because the American people dared to put the loftiest altruism into actual practice.

Dr. Miyaoka was greeted with prolonged applause when he said the duty of the Allies was not to halt until they redeem the barbarians of Central Europe to civilisation.

Reported Peace Offer By General Lu Denied

Canton Refutes Story Of Telegram Sent To Liang Shih-yi

Reuter's Pacific Service

Canton, October 15.—The Military Government circle denies that Inspector-General Lu Yung-ting has telegraphed to Liang Shih-yi agreeing to a separate peace.

U.S. COTTON CONSUMPTION

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, October 15.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—The Census Bureau has announced that the cotton consumed in September amounted to 490,779 running bales and 96,512 bales of linters.

FALL OF NISH BLOCKS GERMAN EXPANSION

Town Is Junction On Only Railway Between Berlin And Constantinople

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, October 14.—The Servians took Nish after a stiff resistance had been overcome. This represents something more than the mere capture of a town for it is the most important strategic railway junction in the Balkans through which runs the only railway between Germany and Constantinople. The capture of Nish blocks one more avenue to German expansion in the east.

London, October 14.—(By wireless).

An Austrian official communique reports:

In the region northwest of Nish engagements in connection with our withdrawal continue, the civil population participating. The pressure of the enemy is especially strong in the valley of the Morava.

Wong Made Happy By Mixed Court Decree

Youngster Lost Here Five Months Ago To Be Sent Home

Wong Pao, aged 12, found happiness in the Mixed Court yesterday after five months of grief.

Wong was picked up by a police officer at 2 a.m. on the 28th of last May while he was wandering in aimless despair about the streets near the railway station. He was sent out to the Door of Hope mission, but he wasn't happy and the Matron feared that he would run away. So he was brought back to court,

"I am a native of Shantung," the youngster told Assessor Byrne and Magistrate Li. "And I came to Shanghai with my brother. When we reached Shanghai he left me at the station and told me to wait for him. I waited eight hours and he didn't come, so I went out on the road and the policeman took me. I want to go home."

Wong was so convincing on this last point that the Court ordered him to be turned over to the Shantung Guild and it is likely that he will soon be speeding toward his native village in the north.

BRITISH FOREIGN TRADE

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 14.—There was an increase of imports into the United Kingdom last month totaling £11,702,864 and a decrease in exports totaling £3,092,051 as compared with September last year.

King George Grants Lengthy Audiences

Confers With Mr. Lloyd George And Chief Of General Staff

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 14.—The King arrived in London from Sandringham today and granted lengthy audiences to the Premier and the Chief of the Imperial General Staff.

DR. REINSCH BACK IN CHARGE

Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, United States Minister to China, who has recently returned from a visit home, took charge at Peking on October 12 according to word received by Consul-in-Charge N. T. Johnson here.

American Soldiers Doing All Country Can Ask, Says Baker

Back From France After Making Better Arrangements For Troop Transport

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, October 14.—(Delayed. Received at French Wireless Station).—Secretary of War Baker has returned from a visit to France. He said:

"The army has done and is doing all that a proud and grateful country could ask and the time has come for us to pitch in with every ounce of strength and assure complete victory. My trip abroad was principally for the purpose of arranging further co-operation for the shipping of troops and supplies. It was entirely successful. A complete understanding has been reached which assures the American army of adequate cargo tonnage for supplies. The Inter-Allied Maritime Transport Council heartily gave their co-operation. The Allied armies are now in full and victorious advance."

ECUADOR ARRIVES TODAY WITH MAIL FROM HOME

Pacific Mail Liner Brings 2,000 Tons Of Cargo For Shanghai Merchants

With mail from the United States, bar silver valued at G.$1,000,000, 2,000 tons of cargo for Shanghai merchants and a full list of passengers, the Pacific Mail liner Ecuador will dock at Hongkew Wharf late this afternoon.

Among the Shanghai passengers are Mr. S. F. Jones, who comes here as manager of the W. R. Grace and Company offices soon to open; Mr. Walter Johnstone, who relieves Mr. B. C. Haile as Pacific Mail agent here, and Mr. H. X. Stelker, appointed chief clerk of the Pacific Mail office.

China Due November 6

Advices received at the offices of the China Mail Steamship Company yesterday state that the liner China left San Francisco for the Far East with 700 tons of cargo for this port. The China is due here November 6.

MR. A.S.P. WHITE-COOPER RESIGNS FROM COUNCIL

Is Forced To Give Up Post By Advice Of Physician

The resignation of Mr. A. S. P. White-Cooper from the Shanghai Municipal Council, tendered on medical advice, has been accepted with regret and a letter has been addressed to him thanking him in the name of the community for his services on the Council, Finance Committee, Watch Committee, Foreign Education Committee, Permanent Education Committee, Electric Committee and Health Committee, according to the Municipal Gazette.

The vacancies caused by his resignation have been filled as follows:

Vice-Chairman of Council, Mr. John Johnstone.

Watch and Electricity Committees, Mr. W. L. Merriman.

Health Committee, Mr. John Johnstone.

Permanent Education Committee, Mr. E. C. Richards.

The vacancy in the membership of the Council will not be filled until after the election of councillors for 1919.

PEACE OVERSHADOWS EVERY ISSUE IN SIBERIA

Belief Is Germany Wants To Quit In Order To Capitalise Russian Weakness

Reuter's Pacific Service

Vladivostok, October 16.—The peace overtures have overshadowed all other questions here.

Military men think that Germany's object is to stave off imminent disaster, to evacuate her material and munitions across the Rhine and to gain a respite from the throttling grip of the French and British.

Leading public men express the opinion that Germany, despairing of military success, hastens to conclude peace before being dealt a crushing blow, regarding the present condition of Russia, without a recognised Government and with an unorganised army, as affording compensating factors which will not exist six months hence.

A member of the Omsk Government, who is on his way to Japan, states that the Siberians are greatly concerned at not having at such a supreme moment an authoritative Government able adequately to protect the interests of Russia. Although the Bolsheviki are dead as a political factor there is no one to bury them, and Russia to the Urals presents a vast hinterland for German political and economical expansion, even if the Brest-Litovsk treaty is quashed and all the German soldiers seemingly evacuate the occupied territory as there is nothing to prevent them changing their Prussian uniform for civilian garb and remaining in the country. Unless the Allies come in and bury Bolshevism, alias Germanism, and help the loyal Russians establish a sound Government, no independent Polish buffer kingdom will save Russia from subservience to German interests and being the catspaw of her future plans.

KIANGKWAN OFFICERS TESTIFY AT INQUIRY

Both Say Government Cruiser Ignored Calls For Help After Collision

Evidence of the collision between the Hupeh Provincial transport Chutsai and the China Merchants' steamer Kiangkwan last April near Hankow was heard yesterday when hearing of the inquiry into the sinking of the vessel was resumed at the Admiralty Court, Lunghua. The testimony of Messrs. Archibald Lang and E. Askelin, chief engineer and second officer respectively of the ill-fated steamer, was introduced by Mr. R. N. Macleod, counsel for the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Co. There will be no hearing today. The case will be resumed Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Mr. G. D. Musso, counsel for the Hupeh provincial government, resumed his cross-examination of Mr. Carl F. Hendriksen, chief officer of the Kiangkwan. Following his examination of Mr. Hendriksen, Captain C. H. Hsu, the judge advocate, proceeded to read a report compiled by the Harbor Master of Hankow with reference to the sinking. To this Mr. Macleod objected on the ground that the Harbor Master would not be present at the inquiry and that his report was based, it is alleged, on information he gathered from other people and Counsel wished to cross-examine him. His objection was upheld by the Court.

Chief Engineer Lang testified that when the Chutsai was sighted the Kiangkwan blew its whistle twice and the Chutsai responded with one. This was followed by two more whistles by the Kiangkwan. He could not see how the Chutsai acted. It seemed to witness that after the collision the Kiangkwan's engines stopped. He went down to the engine-room and put on full speed. Then he attempted to go to his cabin for his lifebelt, but he was washed overboard. He did not observe any assistance offered by the gunboat.

Second officer Askelin said he was on the deck one minute before the collision, having gone on deck because of the unusual noise there and the blowing of the two whistles. He saw the collision; the gunboat hitting his vessel on the starboard and cutting into the Kiangkwan six feet in its first deck and about 5 feet in its second deck. He confirmed the statement of Chief Engineer Lang that the Chutsai did not help, although, he said, the passengers and officers shouted for help, rang the bell and blow the whistle.

PAY BY CHECK

Paying by check is a simple, easy method of keeping track of every expenditure made from day to day.

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Adventures In Asia, Europe, And America

My Reminiscences. By Raphael Pumpelly. With illustrations and maps. New York: Henry Holt & Co. Two volumes. $7.50 (gold).

Mr. Pumpelly has evidently enjoyed fully and deeply all the years of his long and busy life, for his zest in it all is manifest throughout the two volumes of his autobiography. Life has many rewards to offer to him who lives it rightly, and not the least of them is this which now crowns the fourscore years of the author of this work—to be able to look back over a long, busy, useful, happy life, filled with service to mankind, and be able to say, "I have done the best I could, the world is better for my having lived in it, and I have enjoyed it all." Mr. Pumpelly's life has been so full of work and adventure, of such varied activities and interests, that it is possible to mention in the limits of a review only a very few of the things he has done. When an old man sits down to write his recollections, he is too often inclined to be garrulous and to fall lamentably in his sense of perspective. But there is none of that tendency in Mr. Pumpelly's narrative. Although it fills two large volumes, it is all interesting, it is told crisply, it deals with matters that are of value in one way or another. The full account, for instance, of his early years, spent in New York State, are of interest because they picture with liveliness and color the manners and customs of an era in our national development that is fading now into history.

As a youth in his middle teens Mr. Pumpelly went to Europe and spent there a number of years that had in them many unique experiences. Part of the time he traveled, and he had some exciting months among the bandits of Corsica and in other wild regions. He spent several years at Freiburg, studying to become a mining engineer, and when he returned to the United States in the latter fifties he was among the first scientifically trained members of his profession in the United States.

Apparently Mr. Pumpelly has always had a love for adventure in wild regions, and has been quick to accept every opportunity to indulge that propensity. His life in Arizona in the days of troubles with the Apaches and with mad men of the border had plenty of excitement, and he describes it with reminiscent zest. Following this experience came the appointment as one of a commission to explore part of the Japanese Empire and report on its geology and its mining possibilities. Thither he went in 1861, a young man of only 24. Two years in Japan and two immediately afterward in China, where he was one of the first among foreigners to be allowed to penetrate far into the interior, were filled with unique experiences. A keen observer who saw always beneath the surface of things and correlated his observations with even widely differing kinds of knowledge, who possessed warm sympathies and interest in his fellow-beings, one has unflagging entertainment, even after the lapse of fifty years, in following him along these strange trails. He traveled much over the regions that had been swept by war only a little while before, as the Taiping rebels and the imperial forces, first under the American Ward and then under Chinese Gordon, fought back and forth across them. He marveled to find how quick they had recovered and how neat and prosperous were lands and people. And in their immediate rejuvenation he sees such tremendous racial vitality as belies all Occidental supposition about national and racial decay among the Chinese.

Thirty-five years later, after a busy lifetime spent in the United States in the practice of his profession, as professor at Harvard, as head of mining surveys in various States, in charge of the department of mineral industries of the tenth census, and of various mineralogical expeditions, Mr. Pumpelly returned to Central Asia and passed several years at the head of an expedition engaged in archaeological explorations. And finally one of the most charming chapters in the work describes his "sentimental journey" in 1915 at the age of seventy-eight, when with several of his children he returned to Arizona and revisited the scenes of his adventures more than fifty years before. Among the illustrations of this part of the book are a number of beautiful page pictures in color from paintings of desert scenes made by one of his daughters.

Many pages demand quotation, so interesting are they and so full of meat that deserves consideration but it is possible to give space only to this warning concerning the Mississippi River, in which, after comparing the action of the river in depositing silt in its lower reaches with that of the Yellow River in China, he says:

The silt of the lower Mississippi has raised its bed above the fertile plains that border it. It will continue to raise it and the population will become more and more dense and there will happen things that have made the Yellow River "China's Sorrow"—unless there shall be evolved a system of control by changing the course or by some great feat of engineering other than temporising methods.

THE THIRD ESTATE

The Third Estate. By Marjorie Bowen. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.75 (gold).

One of the best things about Marjorie's new historical romance is the spirited way in which the figure of her chief character stands out from its background. Her Marquis de Sarcey is a colorful and vital embodiment of the nobility of France, as they are pictured in history and memoirs, before the Revolution. He pursues his arrogant way, proud, handsome, insolent, feeling and asserting his right to take for his own benefit and pleasure whatever he desires, through her pages during the early months of the Revolution, and until the end of the story no one has said him nay with success.

The French Revolution has offered for a hundred years a strong attraction to novelists in search of a scene, but who yields to its lure must have skill and power, or the very uproar of his setting and background will dwarf his personal drama. Miss Bowen has been wary and has steered clear of such dangers by keeping the Revolution very much in the background, although its growing strength is constantly felt. Probably her handling of the relations between it and the people and scenes of her drama is historically true. For her people are practically all of the nobility and their contempt for the growing uneasiness about what the populace is doing interfered but little with their lives until after the dethroning of the King and Queen. At any rate, Miss Bowen succeeds in telling a deeply interesting story of personal affairs, while the Revolution in its early stages thunders sometimes faintly and sometimes strongly in the distance. Chiefly, it is a love story and is concerned with the fates of the two daughters of a Parisian of rank, one of whom is betrothed early in the tale to M. de Sarcey. But hardly is the betrothal completed when he meets her younger sister, herself about to be betrothed to another member of the nobility, and the two of them fall at once in love with each other. The developments make the story, which has many complications, much suspense, many dramatic and emotional situations. It is, in fact, much better as a story than Miss Bowen's historical romances have some times been in the past. Its settings are, as usual in her books, very rich and full of detail and historically true to life. Sometimes in her former works the descriptions of these settings have delayed and embarrassed the progress of the story, making it slow and cumbersome. But in "The Third Estate" they keep their proper place, so that the romance becomes a well proportioned story, historically full of color and life, and as a drama of personal fortunes deeply interesting.

HUNTING IN CHINA

From "Camps and Trails in China." By Roy Chapman Andrews and Yvette Borup Andrews. D. Appleton & Co. Mex. 6.00 Kelly & Walsh.

"From the Chinese point of view [a clergyman stationed in China is speaking] the skin is not the most valuable part of a tiger. Almost always before a hunt is made, or a trap is built, the villagers burn incense before the temple god, and an agreement is made to the effect that if the beast taken becomes the property of the slayer the skin becomes the property of the gods. Thus it happened that in many of the temples handsome tiger-skin robes may be found spread in the chair occupied by the noted 'Dual Uong,' or the god of the land. When a hunt is successful, the flesh and bones are considered of greatest value, and it often happens that a number of cows are killed and their flesh mixed with that of the tiger to be sold at the exorbitant price cheerfully paid for tiger meat. The bones are boiled for a number of days until a gelatine-like product results, and this is believed to be an exceptionally efficacious medicine.

"Notwithstanding the danger of hunting a tiger in the tangle of its lair, one cannot but feel richly rewarded for the risk when one begins to sum up one's observations. The most interesting result of investigating an oft-frequented lair is concerning the animals food. That a tiger always devours its prey upon the spot where it is taken or in the adjacent bush is an erroneous idea. This is often true when the kill is too heavy to be carried for a long distance, but it is by no means universally so. . . .

"In the lair of a tiger there are certain terraces, or places under overhanging trees, which are covered with bones, and are evidently spots to which the animal brings its prey to be devoured. On such a terrace one will find the remains of a deer, wild hog, dog, pig, porcupine, pangolin, and other animals both domestic and wild. A fresh kill shows that with its rasp-like tongue the tiger licks off all the hair of its prey before devouring it and the hair will be found in a circle around what remains of the kill. The Chinese often raid a lair in order to gather up the quills of the porcupine and the bony scales of the pangolin which are esteemed for medicinal purposes."

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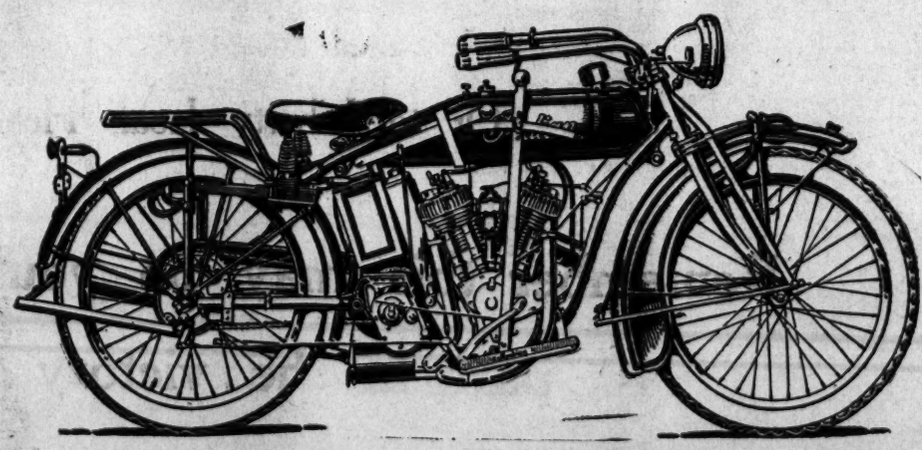

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Shanghai Races—Autumn Training

Yesterday morning was very fine, a little too warm for this time of the year, causing a mist which obscured the track and made it hard and at times impossible to get the intervening quarters between the mile post and the last quarter. But the gentlemen who kindly officiate at this task during the training season did their best and it is a question to be considered whether the members, especially the Racing Members, appreciate this work that has been and is done gratituously for their benefit and the public interested in racing.

The grass course was open but quite a few ponies galloped on the sand course, as the grass course, due to the lack of rain, is getting very hard and liable to lame a pony if sent along, especially as it was noticed that quite a few griffins were still without shoes, these having been taken off for their measuring on Monday.

Most of the ponies were just sent along cantering and the best gallop of the morning was "Nigger Minstrel" with a new jockey up (Mr. Heard).

Although all the Ledger candidates were out it will be noticed from the times that they were all sent along easy.

Below is given a full report of the times.

Pony.	Rider	¼ mile	½ mile	¾ mile	1 mile	1¼ miles	1½ miles	1¾ miles	2 miles	Last quarter.
Possum	WH	37	—	—	2.35.3	3.08		...	...	32.2
Armistice	CEP							...	...	32.2
Greysand	boy	11	1.16.4	1.51.3	2.25.2			...	...	33.4
Lightwood	HEM			1.54	2.25.2	(last mile)		...	...	*31.2
Niblick	boy	41.1	1.19.4	1.54.3	2.27.2			...	...	32.4
Vivat	AJPH	39.3	1.23.4	2.05	2.40.4	3.13		...	...	*32.1
Castlewood	boy	41.3	1.25	2.03.4	2.37.2	3.09.3		...	...	32.1
Briggins	RMD	39.3	1.17	1.50.2	2.23.1			...	...	32.4
Highflyer	boy	36.2	1.16.3	1.53.3	2.27.3	2.59.2		...	...	*31.4
Pennyfield	boy	40.3	1.19	1.55.1	2.32.2	3.04.4		...	...	*32.2
L. Aisne	CJ	36	1.11.3	1.46.1	2.19.3			...	...	33.2
Capercailzie	HE	36.3	1.11.3	1.51.2	2.34	3.12.3	3.46.3	4.17.3	...	31
Swift	WH							...	...	31
Blacksand	boy	37.2	1.13	1.45	2.17.3			...	...	32.3
Colinton	boy	37.2	1.16.1	1.52	2.26.3	2.58.4		...	...	32.1
Battersea	RMD	33	—	1.41	2.16.3			...	...	(sub)35.3
Black Diamond	JJ	40	1.21.3	2.00.1	2.36.4	3.09.4		...	...	*33
Yellowstone	boy	41	1.26.1	2.07.3	2.48.4	3.23	(last 1¼)	...	...	34.1
Salamander	boy	40.1	1.18.4	1.52.1	2.24.3			...	...	32.2
Jomsborg	WGC	39.3	1.16.3	—	2.25.1	2.65.4		...	...	31.3
Lowflyer	boy	37.2	1.16.3	—	2.29	3.06.4		...	...	*37.4
The Globe	boy					3.07		...	...	*38
Tytam Chief	boy	39.3	1.16	1.50	2.22	2.54.4		...	...	32.4
General Pirpleton	boy	48	—	—	2.43.1	3.16.1		...	...	(sub)33
Rushlight	boy				2.35	2.59		...	...	34
The Oriole	WH	38.1	1.16.4	1.52.4	2.26.2	2.57.4		...	...	31.2
Swallow	boy							...	...	31.2
Nighthawk	JJ	36.1	1.13.3	1.49.1	2.23.2	2.56.1		...	...	32.4
Border Minstrel	boy							...	...	62.4
Scala	WGC	38.3	1.16	—	2.24.4	2.57.2		...	...	(sub)32.3
Over There	CRB	39.2	1.21.3	1.59	2.34.4	3.06.1	(last 1¼)	...	...	31.2
La Vesle	CJ	35.2	1.09.3	1.42.3	2.15.3			...	...	33
Welhei Chief	boy	41 1	1.21.3		2.34.1	3.05.4		...	...	(sub)31.3
Whyteleafe	AC	41.2	1.18.1	1.52.3	2.25			...	...	32.2
Whitehaven	boy				2.26			...	...	33.2
Sandy	JJ	38.4	1.19.1	—	2.34.4	3.08.2	mile of 1¼)	...	...	33.3
Autumn Light	boy	—	—	1.47.2	2.25.5	(last	mile of 1¼)	...	...	(sub)38
Blankenberghe	DS	45	—	2.08	2.40.1	(last		...	...	(sub)32.1
Victoria	AC	44	1.22.2	1.56.1	2.27.1			...	...	31
Paddington	boy							...	...	31
Revenge	boy	42.3	1.26.1	2.05.4	2.43.2	3.15.3		...	...	32.1
Muncaster	CRB	42.2	—	154.1	2.24.4			...	...	*30.3
Wild Night	boy	34.4	1.12.2	1.50	2.24			...	...	34
Century Dahlia	boy	41.2	1.18.2	1.56.2	2.29.1			...	...	(sub)32.4
Crystal Dahlia	boy			1.55.2				...	...	(sub)33.4
Nigger Minstrel	AJPH	33.4	1.09.3	1.44	2.16.3	2.50.2		...	...	33.4
Pinkeye	WH							...	...	33.4
Golden Myth	boy	40.4	—	1.51.2	2.28.1			...	...	36.4
Baby Polly	boy	37	—	1.44.3	2.16.3			...	...	32
White Bay	boy	36	—	1.50.1	2.23.2			...	...	(sub)33.1
Pegaway	WGC	43	1.23.1	2.02.3	—	3.21.4	3.28.2	...	...	(bay)—
Haslemere	ESBR	34.3	1.09.3	1.45	—	2.51.1		...	...	37.1
Anam	boy	36	1.11.1	1.42.4	2.16.3			...	...	(sub)33.4
Tujoh	boy				2.17		mile)	...	...	(sub)34.1
Grey Goose	boy	36.2	1.12	1.43.4	2.15.4	(last		...	...	32
Putting Green	boy	39.4	1.14	1.48.4	2.22			...	...	(sub)33.1
Attaboy	boy				2.31.1			...	...	(sub)32.2
Momo	AB	45	1.19	1.56	2.29			...	...	(sub)33
Rintintin	boy									(sub)33

*On the sand.

News Brevities

Fred MacColloum, sent here from Nanking some time ago and held by the United States authorities on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, has been discharged from the custody of the United States Court by reason of its being determined that he is not an American citizen.

• • •

There was a hearing before Judge C. S. Lobingier in the United States Court for China yesterday on the admission to probate of the will of the late Mrs. Martha M. Broadhurst.

• • •

The defendants have filed an answer in the United States Court for China in the case of H. Leslie Ford vs. the MacDonell-Chow Corporation. Mr. A. J. Krisel appears for the defendants and Messrs. Fleming and Davies for the plaintiff.

• • •

Mr. J. B. Crow, cashier at the offices of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company here for the past year, has been ordered to the Manila agency and will leave for the Philippines next month. Mr. J. T. Kinney, formerly passenger agent for Shanghai and now in Manila, comes here to relieve Mr. Crow.

• • •

A concert was given at the Union Church Hall yesterday afternoon for the benefit of the Allied War Funds. Tea was served at four o'clock and the musical program was from five until six o'clock. The following took part in the program: Miss McConnell, Mrs. Armistead, Miss May Jansen and Miss Alice Jansen.

• • •

With a mustard gas wound received during the recent big offensive, "Torry" Wilson, formerly of the municipal public works department, has been laid up at a base hospital, it is learned. He is progressing favorably and will leave soon for Southern France.

• • •

Consul-General Thomas Sammons is expected to reach Shanghai on October 22 or 23 on the Suwa Maru.

• • •

An appreciative reply to the congratulatory message sent to London by the local Jewish community on the occasion of the victories in Palestine has been received from the British Foreign Office and has been conveyed to the Jewish community.

• • •

Mr. J. W. C. Bonnar will serve on the Foreign Educational Committee succeeding Rev. Dr. S. I. Woodbridge, resigned, according to an announcement in the Municipal Gazette today.

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Siberian Red Cross Cup

The conditions for this rifle competition which will be held on Saturday, November 30, with entries closing November 27, are as follows:

1.—The competition is open to all members of the Defense Forces of Shanghai including S.R.A. Members.

2.—Rifles: Any service pattern with open sights. Match rifles or barrels are not allowed.

3.—Ranges: (a) 100 yards, lying, taking cover behind the mound, Figure No. 5. Crossing shot. The figure will run six times (beginning from the right) each run 20 feet. Pace of target=Quick time. Ten shots. H. P. S. 30.

(b) 200 yards, lying, taking cover behind the mound, Figure No. 3. Rapid fire. The figure will be exposed for 20 seconds. Six shots. H. P. S. 18.

(c) 300 yards, lying, taking cover behind the mound, 2nd class Figure target. Rapid fire. The target will be exposed for 20 seconds. Six shots. H. P. S. 24.

4.—Qualification: In practice (a) 100 yards, competitors making less than 5 hits (15 points) will be counted out.

In practice (b) 200 yards, competitors making less than 3 hits (9 points) will be counted out.

Remainder to fire at 300 yards (practice "c") and the scores made at 100 and 200 yards (practices "a" and "b") to be added. Highest total scores for the three ranges to win.

5.—Ties. In case of a tie competitors will refire at 300 yards (practice "c").

6.—Scoring: All scoring to be signaled at the conclusion of the practice.

7.—Misfires, etc.: No allowance of time or extra ammunition will be made in the case of jams, misfires or similar casualties.

8.—Entrance Fee: The entrance fee will be $1.—Post entries $2.—(The whole proceeds of this competition, after deducting expenses, will be devoted to the Siberian Red Cross Fund) are to be sent to A. M. Collaco, Secretary and Treasurer, c/o Russo-Asiatic Bank, or Q. M. Sergt. W. T. Rose, c/o Orderly Rooms, S. V. C.

College Tennis

Shanghai College Wins

Last Saturday the Government Institute of Technology sent their tennis players to the Shanghai College to play the annual tournament of the East China Intercollegiate Athletic Association. Last spring the Government Institute secured the championship, entitling them to the Slazenger Cup. Saturday, however, they met defeat when Shanghai College won in two matches of single and one in doubles. It was a hard fight from beginning to end and at times there was some very brilliant tennis.

St. John's having also defeated Nanyang, Shanghai College will play the final matches for the Slazenger Cup with the Out-of-Shanghai winner, i.e., the winners of Nanking, Soochow and Hangchow.

Shanghai College also won in a Volley Ball match last Saturday, defeating the Ching Chung Middle School.

Training For Regatta

Sunday will offer the last opportunity to members of the Shanghai Rowing Club to row the Henli course prior to the regatta, October 27. Tiffin and tea will be served in the Shanghai-Nanking Railway dining car to members signing list posted at the club before seven o'clock tomorrow night.

Municipal Staff Changes

Public Works Department.—The temporary service of Mr. H. McAshan, Clerical Assistant, will terminate on October 31.

Educational Department.—Special leave is granted, under medical certificate, to Mr. G. S. F. Kemp, Headmaster, Public School for Chinese, from October 27.

The following temporary transfers will have effect from October 27, and during the absence on leave of Mr. G. S. F. Kemp, Headmaster, Public School for Chinese:

Mr. L. C. Healey, Acting Headmaster, Polytechnic Public School for Chinese, to be Acting Headmaster, Public School for Chinese.

Mr. A. F. T. Holland, Assistant Master, Nieh Chih Kuei Public School for Chinese, to be Acting Headmaster, Polytechnic Public School for Chinese.

German Woman Up On Assault Charge

In the Mixed Court yesterday Grete Millitor, a German woman, appeared on charges of assaulting one E. Sagal, another woman, at 42 Muirhead Road, tearing her clothes and pulling her hair. She is further charged with creating a disturbance at 7 Dent Road and Inspector Lynch testified that she had also been guilty of disorderly conduct in the charge-room at Wayside police station. The case was adjourned by Assessor Byrne and Magistrate Li until the 18th, the defendant being released on her own recognisance.

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WEATHER

Fine weather with northerly breezes in our regions. Rough sea between the Philippines and Indo-China.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, OCTOBER 17, 1918

A Transaction In Liberty

TODAY will furnish the last opportunity for members of the Allied communities in Shanghai to contribute their quota to the Fourth American Liberty Loan for the winning of victory and the safeguarding of the liberties of the world after that victory is won, which now surely cannot be very far off. Therefore, on an occasion such as this it is not altogether inopportune to say a parting word as to the precise meaning and significance of the Liberty Loan Campaign which is on the eve of termination after a vigorous and successful drive by the patriotic and energetic men and women of this city.

There are those who are inclined to lull themselves into a false sense of security by reason of the incidence of the peace discussions launched by Germany. They are inclined to say to themselves: "Peace is coming anyway, so why trouble?" They drift into this frame of mind not so much through lack of patriotism as a fatal apathy toward the grave issues at stake and a false conception of the German Government's motive in precipitating the peace campaign.

There can be little doubt that Germany wants to distract the Allies and divert their attention from the conduct of the war by dragging across the trail of the world's fight for freedom the red herring of her peace proposals. President Wilson clearly foresees this danger when he declares to the people of the United States that "a single day of relaxation of our effort will be tragically damaging to ourselves and the rest of the world; the time is critical and the response must be complete." He warns the world that the discussions of peace at present in progress have *enhanced*, not *lessened*, the importance of the Fourth Liberty Loan, which he hopes will be greatly oversubscribed. In other words, despite the peace discussions, we must go on providing the wherewithal of war just as if there were no peace discussions and just as if the war were going to last for another year or two, for these can be no telling what treachery Germany has in contemplation behind her present peace offensive. She is without doubt desperately trying to wriggle out of an awkward military and political situation. It is even possible that she does not really want peace but merely a temporary breathing spell. Therefore it is vital that the enemy should not be allowed to rest. The Allied armies should rain their blows on the enemy without slackening.

"Germany should not be allowed to withdraw her armies intact, reconstruct them on a shorter line and then rattle the sword again at the peace conference." But in order that the Allied Governments should be able to reduce Germany to the point of surrender it is vital that the peoples of the Allied Powers should give every available ounce of wealth to their Governments, on whom devolves the grave task of vindicating the honor of their armies and ensuring the safety of the world. Mr. McAdoo, the United States Treasurer, strikes the right note when he declares that "now is the time to fight all the harder until victory is clinched." And so that Germany may have no false notions about and hoped-for slackening of Allied effort, the White House has just announced that the American Government will continue to send troops to Europe at the rate of a quarter million men a month and also the necessary material, and promises that there will be no relaxation of effort.

There is no need to dwell on the patriotic aspects of the Liberty Loan Campaign. Those who have not loosened their purse-strings—and they must be few, if any—must either be Huns at heart or persons to whom the welfare of the world is a matter of indifference. But apart from the patriotic side of the Liberty Loan and other kindred war flotations, there is the practical side that appeals to the hard-headed business man from a purely economic standpoint. Even on the narrow ground of self-interest and personal profit, the Liberty Loan that closes today is, after all, not such a bad investment. With the present favorable rate of exchange, the man who refrains from investing in Liberty Bonds is stupid. Figures are eloquent. Let a few figures prove the soundness of the investments that for three weeks have taken place in Liberty Bonds—a transaction in liberty. Yesterday the sum of Taels 819 would purchase Gold dollars 1,000. At a 4¼ rate of interest, the sum in question would yield in a year $42.50 Gold. But there is always the possibility, now that the Allies have practically won the war, that within a year or two silver will flop back to its former position, with sixty gold cents as the equivalent of a tael. It is therefore only a matter of simple arithmetical calculation to determine the amount of profit that will accrue to the investor in Liberty Bonds. In any event, he will make a hundred percent profit in a year or two years' time, if silver does go back to its before-the-war price, and his $42.50 gold annual interest will mean $100 Mex.

With the Fourth Liberty Loan a success, we need have no doubts or fears that the Allies will be able to dictate the terms of peace to Germany. As a great London daily remarks, "Germany must abide by the arbitrament of force to which she appealed four years ago." The victorious armies of the Allies will obtain a fresh lease of strength and endurance by the successful termination of the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign.

Affairs In Russia

The following items from various sources indicate the state of affairs recently obtaining in Russia and supplement those recently published in THE CHINA PRESS:

A telegram from Samara, dated September 19, Administration of Stavropol Province, states that the administration of the Stavropol province is in the hands of a military Governor-General; all laws and ordinances for the population being published in the Volunteer Army, the organ of the staff of General Denikine (late Commander-in-Chief on the Southwestern Russian front and Chief of Staff of General Korniloff when the latter was Supreme Commander-in-Chief). The volunteer army, which under the command of General Denikine, liberated the Kuban area, fights for legal order, a united Russia, and a Constituent Assembly. The troops of General Korniloff, whose death is again confirmed, are commanded by Colonels Drozdovsky and Pokrovsky.

Bolshevik Revenge In Petrograd

A telegram from Ufa dated September 20 announces the receipt, by the Committee of Members of the Constituent Assembly, of a communication from their colleagues Gavronsky and Sukhomlinov, from Stockholm, requesting them to bring to the knowledge of Russian workmen and peasants, the fact that the Bolsheviki have officially condemned to death in Petrograd 1,521 men in revenge for the assassination of the Bolshevik commissioner Uritsky. The woman Kolontai, formerly one of the commissioners of the Central Soviet, has been assassinated in the Penza Government while raiding a monastry.

Capture Of Novorossisk

A message from Omsk, dated September 24, announces that according to an intercepted radiotelegram of the Moscow Soviet to its representative in Berlin, Novorossisk (on the Black Sea, in Northern Caucasus) has been occupied by counter-revolutionaries (anti-Bolsheviki).

Murder Of General Brussiloff

Messages from Moscow confirm the murder by the Bolsheviki of General Brussiloff after the last anti-Bolshevik outbreak. General Ruski and Evert, who have long ago gone back to private life, residing in a small town south of Moscow, are so far unmolested. General Alexeieff, former Commander-in-Chief, lately nominated a deputy member of the new Provincial Russian Government at Ufa, is reported by a telegram from Vladivostok, dated October 4, to be engaged in liberating Kuban territory from the Bolsheviki.

The Czech Attitude

In an interview with Prince Lvoff, on his journey through Manchuria to Vladivostok (for Japan, where he is at present), the Czech General Gaida stated the Czech command acts on behalf of the Siberian Government, the Czech National Councils at the same time welcoming the constitution of an All-Russian authority at Ufa (Novosti Jizni, September 29).

The Struggle In Orenburg

Interviewed by a representative of the Siberian Information Bureau, Ataman Dutoff (elected Chief of the Orenburg Cossacks shortly after the Revolution) detailed his successful struggle against the Bolsheviki since the first day of their appearance. A member of the Constituent Assembly for the Orenburg territory, Ataman Dutoff is also a member of the Samara Committee of that Assembly, comprising himself and 14 revolutionary socialists. A Russian patriot and an advocate of local autonomy General Dutoff will have nothing to do with party strife. Standing for order, discipline and a strong authority, he applies and will apply, though with regret, the most drastic measures against the authors of interior wrangling and confusion who will not see the tragic confusion of the country. It will be remembered that the Orenburg Cossack Governments, acting in co-operation with other Cossack Governments, was represented at the Ufa Conference and closely co-operates with the Siberian Government, taking a substantial part with its cavalry, infantry and artillery in the war with the Germano-Bolsheviki on the Volga front in its Orenburg section and on other sectors. Asked whether he is in contact with General Krasnoff, who is at present dictator of the Don region, Ataman Dutoff replied that such a contact did not exist, that information from the Don region was not forthcoming but that he had heard of the orientation of General Krasnoff towards the west. General Dutoff advocates a business government and does not foresee a military dictatorship.

Don Republic And Ukrainia

Information from other sources, including the Bolshevik Izvestia states that General Krasnoff, who apparently really controls the Don region, or at least its southern parts, with Rostoff, originally declared war not only on the Bolsheviki but also on Germany, but that subsequently, with a view to the unification of the whole of Russia, he entered into negotiations to this effect with the Hetman of Ukrainia, General Skoropadsky, who was animated by the same purpose, namely, the reunion of Ukrainia and the Don Republic with Great Russia after the Bolsheviki shall have been overthrown there.

The representative of General Krasnoff in this connection is mentioned as being the Duke of Leuchtenberg. Rumors were at one time current through the Ukrainian press bureau regarding the possibility of the Kuban territory joining in this reunion, but with the presence of Generals Alexeieff and Denikine in this region the latter will undoubtedly join the forces gathering to the Ufa Directory as soon as communications have been restored. This may also happen with the Don region and further west as soon as the corresponding provinces again come into contact with the east. The Paris Russie Nouvelle of August 22 reprints from the Kievskia Mysl the text of a treaty between Ukrainia and the Don territory, mutually recognising their independence, their right to establish customs, granting mutual favorable treatment to their inhabitants and providing for the conclusion of special economic conventions.

Conditions In Samara

Telegrams from Samara, dated September 19 to 21, announce the arrival from beyond the Bolshevik front of Savinkoff, at one time Minister of War in the Provisional Russian Government, and of Tchernoff, President of the All-Russian Constituent Assembly, when it convened in the closing days of that Government. In a speech in the Samara Committee M. Tchernoff spoke of the re-establishment of the eastern front and of the necessity of defeating, in co-operation with the Allies, German Imperialism and its Allies, so as to secure the speedy conclusion of a general peace, guaranteeing the liberties of oppressed nations—Russia, Bohemia, Servia, Poland and Belgium. He pointed out the strength of the policy of the Samara Committee which, he said, was rooted in the masses of the population. This is the only right policy and he therefore eulogised the eight hours day law. In this policy it is necessary to fight not only against the Bolsheviki of the left but also against the Bolsheviki of the right. The Samara Committee has decreed, as the Siberia Government also did, the penalty of death for the most serious offenses and the establishment of a Ministry of Preservation of Order comprising a Department of Militia and a Department of the Security of the State.

The Government At Ufa

In connection with the constitution of a provisional Russian Government at Ufa, in which the Siberian Government and the Samara Committee of members of the Constituent Assembly are the two most important authorities represented, the following commentaries in the Russian Far Eastern Press are interesting as an appreciation of the situation in certain sections of public opinion.

Generally advocating the necessity of the unification of Russia, welcoming the results obtained in this direction by the Ufa Conference and recognising its elective origin and the legal claim to the succession of authority by the members of the Constituent Assembly, predominating in it, as superior to that of the local government and organisations, correspondence from Siberia, outlines the grouping of various factions in the two camps; one comprising the moderate or non-party elements, both property-owning and purely democratic, from the socialist center, inclusively to the right, seeking in the first place the liberation of Russia on the battlefield against the common foe and the restoration of the unity and integrity of the country and of a legal order in it; the other, representing the opposition in the population, such as is embodied for instance in the dissolved Siberian Duma, connected with the radical socialist organisation whose left wing merges into Bolshevism, which is willing to work against the Germano-Bolsheviki, but on condition of securing guarantees of the maintenance of the "Conquests of the Revolution," this term remaining very vague.

The Samara Committee, rooted in the greater socialist revolutionary majority of the members of the Constituent Assembly dissolved by the Bolsheviki and inclining towards the policy of that assembly, is therefore said to meet with but little sympathy or confidence amongst the moderate and stable elements of the population of Siberia, which is looking for an effective authority such is expected from the Siberian Government. It is pointed out in this connection, that whereas this government has done away, in the new army, with the committee system which ruined the Russian army on the front, and has prohibited the Soviets as political organisations, retaining only the professional workmen's organisations, the Samara Committee has retained the committees in the popular army which it controls and whose slack internal organisation has been the subject of remark, on the other hand maintaining the Councils of Workmen's and Peasants' Deputies as a political factor. It is stated that in Samara, under the Committee of Members of the Constituent Assembly now exercising authority, the Bolsheviki obtained a majority of votes in the elections for the Municipal Council in the same way as they did in Vladivostok at the time of the Derber "Government." The vast majority of the members of the Constituent Assembly that convened under the Bolsheviki, belonging to the very elements that under the Kerensky regime proved incapable of attending to the needs of the country and allowed their authority to fall into the hands of the Bolsheviki, serious doubts arise whether their declarations, speeches and renewed party struggle can result in any constructive activity.

Apprehensions also arise, notwithstanding possible change in opinions, on account of the antecedents of various members of the Constituent Assembly. A striking instance of this is the President of the Assembly, M. Tchernoff. These apprehensions are not entirely without foundation as may be seen in this particular instance. Speaking of M. Tchernoff in his book "Russia's Agony," (London, Edward Arnold, 1918) Mr. H. Wilton writes as follows: "Peldmann, alias Tchernoff, one of the leaders of the pseudo-Jew extremists (in the first soviet with Trotsky (alias Bronstein) . . ." (p. 137-138); "a hybrid socialist revolutionary with Bolshevist leanings and pro-German tendencies . . ." (p. 179) "reputed to have large estates in the Caucasus . . ." and further, when describing how General Korniloff urged the Kerensky Cabinet for a countermove on the front against the German advance, "Savinkoff slipped a note into his hand telling him to beware of discussing plans because certain persons among the ministers, indicating Tchernoff, were not reliable . . ." (p. 287). M. Tchernoff "of agrarian disfame" is further mentioned as organising skirmishing parties against Korniloff when the latter advanced towards Petrograd.

Haig's 'Ironsides' Tough Fighters

By Frank Dilnot
(*New York Times*)

American soldiers will undoubtedly come back with some good stories, touched with humor, of the British Tommy. The latter must indeed be a peculiar character to those visiting Europe for the first time who meet in the flesh the rank-and-file Britisher previously known only in a vague sort of way by representations on the vaudeville stage, by references in leading articles, or by caricatures in the funny papers.

He has a strange, contradictory character, the ordinary Britisher—contradictory, that is, to people of other nations—although he is the most natural individual on earth to his own countrymen. The real depth and breadth of the common Englishman comes home to one in the news of the continued hard-hitting and tenacious progress he is making on the West front.

With all his faults, as he appears to outsiders, the Britisher rarely fails to come back. The truest epitome of his national characteristics is probably to be found in the oft-quoted phrase, "The British lose many battles, but they always win the last!"

The average British Tommy is not to be deduced from the wonderful sidesplitting cartoons of Bairnsfather. He is not a bibulous-looking, walrus-mustached, bettle-browed, shaggy animal who, with the aid of a clay pipe upsidedown in his lips, emits witty and scathing comments with an air of ecclesiastical seriousness. There is a glint of truth in the caricature, but only a glint. The British Army is not composed mainly, as one might think from the newspapers, of Generals, of heroic airmen, of dashing troops from the overseas Dominions. They are all part of the army which, however, is composed in bulk of stolid men, with brown faces and bright eyes, from the farms, quick-speaking London shopmen, clerks whose ambitions were bounded by a $15-a-week salary, factory workmen from the North and Midland, hard of eye and deliberate of speech.

Ninety-nine out of every 100 of the army are peace-loving, domesticated men, with an intense though unexpressed love of home, and all of them as far removed from the idea of the grasping imperialistic enthusiast as is the North Pole from the South Pole. They went into the war as a matter of duty, not to be made any fuss about, but as a thing which had to be attended to. It was part of the scheme of life. They joked in their pleasant, homely way during the training, they joked when they got over there in front of the enemy, and a good many of them joked when they were stricken down. "All in the day's work," would be, perhaps, the best description of their state of mind.

Unexciting, but steady to the last, they are possessed of that spirit which, in exalted circles, is described as "noblesse oblige"—though they would be profanely scornful if the phrase were suggested to them. A Frenchman, recently from Europe, who knows the English well, made a friendly criticism on the British soldier: "He will go forward and be killed, he will stand in his place and be killed, but he does not recognise that that is not the aim of war, which is to save one's self in order to kill the enemy." This is a little misleading, but it portrays to some degree the temperament of the lads from farm, factory, shop, and office.

They have their moments of exaltation, but they are not constantly sparking forth hate or fury, or affection or enthusiasm. They love to smoke a pipe in the intervals of battle; they feel that it is fitting that they should follow to death the commander who goes over the top with them, carrying in his hands not a rifle, but just the stock of a hunting whip. With all their genial reserve goes a stiffness, an unreflecting stubbornness, when matters fall out badly. They lack logic when pressed about going back by the enemy. Another part of their illogical makeup is that they are always prepared to visit omissions or faults of their commander upon the enemy. This is frequently unpleasant for the enemy and may be regarded by them as unfair. But there it is, and one must make the best of it.

It is perhaps unavoidable that one should rarely see in the papers mention of the gallant English regiments who have done so much to win the war, and who have given so many victories to the soil of France and Flanders. The ruddy-cheeked lad man from Hampshire, the soft-voiced, genial Kentish gardener, the tacturn open-hearted Yorkshire man from the wolds, the Lancashire operative with the burr on his tongue—they are all doing the good work today.

Reports indicate that there is a good deal of strong language among the troops. It is a kind of philosophical swearing. They even curse each other affectionately. They smoke cigarettes in between whiles, and wonder what is going to become of first-class cricket in England when the war is over. They also speculate as to whether the partial prohibition is to remain permanent. Then they go out and take a town away from the Huns and go without sleep for two days at a stretch, and get killed, and do a good share of the killing. Some of them, incidentally, no doubt, sum up matters in the phrase, "It's a queer old world!"

They never falter; they never suffer from nerves. They would swear vehemently if they were to be described as knights of high endeavor, and then they would go out and do and keep on doing things which would have made some knights of old flinch and tremble. There need never be any fear of the morale of the British Army, which is in reality the British people, so long as there is a division left. They will go on dying if the Germans advance, but when the Germans have finished advancing they themselves will quietly go forward and begin the work of killing and keep on doing it until the enemy cries enough.

Being, let us say, somewhat dull of comprehension, the ordinary British soldier would be devastated by surprise if it should be even suggested to him that he should hold his hand until the enemy is absolutely vanquished. They are stolid lads. They are not great at argument.

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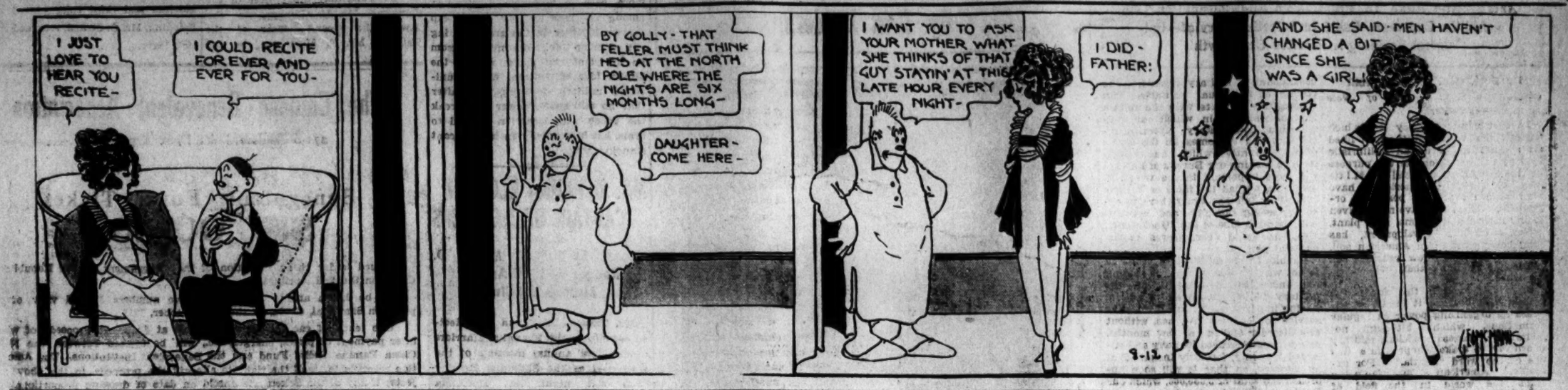
Bringing Up Father
By George McManus
I JUST LOVE TO HEAR YOU RECITE-
I COULD RECITE FOREVER AND EVER FOR YOU-
BY GOLLY - THAT FELLER MUST THINK HE'S AT THE NORTH POLE WHERE THE NIGHTS ARE SIX MONTHS LONG-
DAUGHTER - COME HERE -
I WANT YOU TO ASK YOUR MOTHER WHAT SHE THINKS OF THAT GUY STAYIN' AT THIS LATE HOUR EVERY NIGHT-
I DID - FATHER:
AND SHE SAID - MEN HAVEN'T CHANGED A BIT SINCE SHE WAS A GIRL!
9-12

New History Of 1776?

That Written Without A Conscious Purpose Is Better To Advance The 'Era Of Good Feeling'

By Justice D. Russell
(Supreme Court of Nova Scotia in the New York Times)

Since the United States entered the war on the side of the Allies suggestions have been made from time to time of expedients looking to the perpetuation of the "era of good feeling" between the Republic and the mother country upon which we seem to have entered. Among other things it has been proposed that a new history or a series of histories should be written covering the period of the Revolution and dealing with the relation between the two countries at subsequent critical dates.

I am inclined to the opinion that no new histories are really necessary and that a more widely extended familiarity with the histories that have already been written, and written, with no conscious purpose of conciliation, will be productive of better results than a series of histories written with the conscious and deliberate purpose of coloring the narrative in such a way as to minimise the differences that have existed between our respective nations and suppress the unpleasant features that our international relations have from time to time presented.

The speeches of Edmund Burke, to begin with, would be excellent reading for any one who wished to know what the common people of England really thought and felt about the insane course of procedure upon which the Imperial Government entered in the effort to coerce the American colonists in the closing years of the eighteenth century. But in reading those great speeches I would recommend that they should be read with the notes provided in the volume issued as one of the numbers in Everyman's Library. It becomes clear to any one who carefully reads Burke's great polemic that he did not have any luminous and consistent theory of the financial relations that should exist between the sovereign power and the discontented colonies, and, furthermore, that on some quite important particulars his statements of fact were unreliable.

A much more thorough and satisfactory statement of the questions at issue is presented in the monumental work of Trevelyan, as to which he tells us in his preface that the collection of his material was at first the unconscious and later the conscious occupation and delight of a lifetime. Certainly no life could have been better spent than in the preparation of these six noble volumes which tell the story of the Revolution without fear, favor, or affection, with the most generous appreciation of the motives and conduct of the Revolutionary leaders and with an absolute freedom from any bias in favor of his own country.

Mr. Leck's chapters on the Revolution, in his great history of the eighteenth century, of course will not be overlooked by any reader who wishes to become familiar with the actual facts of history and to form a just judgment of the actors in those great events. As Mr. Fiske says in one of the footnotes in his two-volume work on the period, "In his account of the American Revolution Mr. Lecky inclines to the Tory side; but he is eminently fair and candid." (Vol. I. of Fiske, page 91, note.)

All the volumes I have mentioned are well worth reading, and of course my enumeration does not begin to exhaust the list. But if I were asked to recommend a work for perusal by a reader who could not command the time required for more than a single author I should be inclined to name a work which unhappily seems to be no longer on the shelves of the booksellers, and it is mainly with the object of doing justice to the author of these volumes that I have asked for a portion of your valuable space. I refer to the two volumes prepared by the late Moses Coit Tyler, entitled, "The Literary History of the American Revolution." The author was Professor of American History in Cornell University. He describes his work in his preface as "the product of a new method, at least of a method never before so fully applied in the critical treatment of the American Revolution."

The plan of the author, he tells us, has been "to let both parties in the controversy—the Whigs and the Tories, the Revolutionists and the Loyalists—tell their own story freely, in their own way, and without either of them being liable at our hands to posthumous outrage in the shape of partisan imputations on their sincerity, their magnanimity, their patriotism, or their courage." Instead of fixing his eyes almost exclusively, as is commonly done, upon statesmen and Generals, upon party leaders, upon armies and navies, upon Congress, upon Parliament, upon the Ministerial agents of a brainsick King, or even upon that brainsick King himself, and instead of viewing all these people as the sole or the principal movers and doers of the things that made the American Revolution, he turns his eyes for the most part away, he says, toward certain persons hitherto much neglected, in many cases wholly forgotten—toward persons who, as mere writers, and whether otherwise prominent or not, nourished the springs of great historic events by creating and shaping and directing public opinion during all that robust time.

He aims "to present the soul rather than the body of the American Revolution; a careful, independent, and, if possible, unbiased register of the very brain and heart of the sorely divided people of the land, as those wrought and rejoiced and suffered, in the progress of those tremendous political and military events which constitute the exterior and visible framework of our heroic age." He is impressed, as who that has any understanding whatever of the period can fail to be impressed, "by the tragedy and the pathos of the period between 1763 and 1783, as the birth time of a most bitter race feud—a race feud implacable, perhaps, and endless, but altogether needless; of a fatal disagreement between the two great branches of a race which at this moment holds a historic position in the world and a historic opportunity not only the most extensive and the most splendid, but the most benignant that was ever attained by any similar group of human beings upon this planet." His purpose is "to show that this race feud need not, after all, be an endless one, that already its fierceness has had expression enough, and that its wrath has now too long outlasted the going down of the sun; in short, to bring together once more into sincere friendship, into a rational and a sympathetic moral unity, these divided members of a family capable, if in substantial harmony, of leading the whole human race upward to all the higher planes of culture and happiness—this is an object which in our time draws into its service the impassioned desires, the hopes, the prayers, the labors, of many of the noblest men and women in Great Britain and in America."

He confesses that he has written a new history of the growth and culmination of the race feud, so far as he is able, in the simple service of historic truth and without permitting himself to be turned this way or that by any consideration touching the practical consequences that might result from fidelity or from infidelity to his duty as a historian. Yet he expresses his belief that "one practical consequence of his history will be eirenic rather than polemic namely, the promotion of a better understanding of a deeper respect, of a kindlier mood on both sides of the ocean, among the descendants of those determined men who so bitterly differed in opinion, so fiercely fought, and in their anger so widely parted company, a century and a quarter ago."

These words were written in 1897. It was of course impossible at that date to foresee the events that have brought the two nations together in common defense against a common enemy, and it may be suggested that in view of and because of that armed co-operation the eirenic effort of the author is no longer called for. I am not inclined to concur in that view. The rapprochement that has been brought about by what may fairly be termed an accident, or a succession of accidents, is liable to pass with the passing of the exigency that gave it birth.

If our author is justified in his judgment that, apart altogether from such an accidental necessity, which he did not foresee and with which, therefore, he could not and did not reckon, the time had arrived for a moral reunion of the several branches of the great family, it is worth while that the grounds on which he based his conviction should be understood and appreciated.

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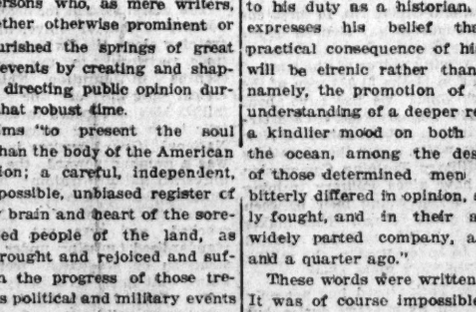

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America's Force—The Militia Idea

Antagonistic Alike To Prussianism And Bolshevism, This Ability Expresses Itself In Selective Service—Universal Training A Possible Outgrowth

By Brig. Gen. C. H. Sherbill
(Adjutant-General State of New York)

In that great efficiency test which we call the world war there is lined up against the Prussian militaristic system a force which, for the purpose of this article, we will call the Militia Idea of America. Americans have long known that we possessed organising ability, but have never given it any more definite name. The plant, which is of slow development, has long been growing in American soil, but during the las few years it has blossomed on more than one of its branches.

It is fair to call this force the militia idea because it tends to express its organising power in regular formations, which, although not militaristic, possess sufficient military character to make appropriate the use of the word "militia." For example, American manufacturing leads the world in the field of standardisation, hich is but one expression of the militia idea.

This war started as a struggle between democracy and autocracy. Events in Russia teach that the word "democracy" needs defining and regulating. Our militia idea is a term which, while fighting autocratic militarism, is equally antagonistic to the unregulated democracy of the Bolsheviki, and therefore militia idea, as used in this article, may be taken to typify a regulated and sane democracy.

In 1916, at a time when the country was perhaps less prepared for self-defense than any time in its history, a feeling went abroad among us that some overt step should be taken to evidence our desire for preparedness. The militia idea began to work. Its first result was the New York City preparedness parade, (which the writer had the privilege of organising), in which there took part eighty-three business, trades, and professions, with a total of 140,139 marchers, who, twenty abreast, passed in review without a break for thirteen and a half hours.

Following that demonstration, and ending two months later, there were held preparedness parades in ninety-two other cities, with a total of 2,850,000 marchers, since which time there has never been any doubt as to how our people felt toward preparedness, nor should there have been any doubt as to the whole-heartedness of our nation after entering the war. Such a demonstration as these ninety-three parades, with their tremendous total of participants, would not have been possible in Germany unless directed by the military authorities.

Ever since the war of 1870, he Prussian military authorities have steadily followed a policy of bringing into their own hands all direction of the forces of empire, and this policy, as it progressively succeeded, has automatically bred out of the people the power of initiative. The result of these efforts by the military clique has been a system of military efficiency which relied upon the concentration of directive power in their own hands, and the blind obedience and absolute lack of initiative upon the part of the directed.

The world is now witnessing a bloody struggle to a bloody finish, which will decide whether the centralising of military power and the stifling of individual initiative can successfully compete with the militia idea of America, in which our governmental and military direction recognises and welcomes all the asse s of that initiative which has shown itself in making our Bureau of Patents the most important in the world, in spreading abroad the fame of Yankee invention, and has everywhere painted far-seeing sagacity and shrewdness into the face of the "Uncle Sam" who, the world over, serves as our national portrait.

Thanks to the militia idea, America is not waging this war at the bidding and under the domination of the military clique, but an entire nation, having imposed upon itself a selective service conscription law, has, without any disorder and in a few months, many times increased its navy and enlarged its army, formerly insignificant in numbers, so that it will soon approach the total of 5,000,000, which our President gallanti refused to set as a limit for that force. At the some time those of our people who are unable to join the fighting forces have suddenly turned from their impatience of laws and regulations and have become a nation which, by voluntary act ahd in response to suggestions only from the Food Administration, has so economised in the consumption of food that not only will our food products suffice for ourselves, but also for the needs of our Allies. We have not been militaristically rationed, but have rationed ourselves—another blossom of the militia idea!

The militaristic system would logically give one man or group the authority to reverse the law of supply and demand. So long as we combine with centralised authority an acceptance of co-operation of all, we are safe. When we don't the law of supply and demand will force a failure of our efforts. We would then have passed from the militia idea to the militaristic.

It is doubtful whether history affords any parallel for the swif ness and the completeness with which we have passed from a state of unpreparedness to a voluntary levy en masse of a nation for war.

In New York State we were called upon by the Federal authorities to turn over our National Guard to the Federal service on August 5, 1917. This was done, and there went from us about 40,000 men, completely armed and equipped, and within a year from that date, viz., on July 29 of this year, there had gone from this State, through voluntary enlistment and hy the operation of the selective service law, the impressive total of 323,000 men. The Governor is responsible for the operation of that law within the State, and he functions through his Adjutant General.

When, under orders from the War Department, we caused the registration on June 5 of all men of this State who within the last year, had reached the age of 21, we did not register 103,000 men, as expected, but only about 69,000, because the others had already voluntarily entered the service! Not only has there been no disorder in connection with the operation of the draft, but the patriotism of our men has been so high that numbers of them sought to join the colors ahead of the date of their call. We have witnessed an offering by the States of their quota of man power under a Federal call, and not a militaristic drafting by Federal forces.

As an example of how the militia idea is functioning in the field of home defense, we may fairly cite the case of New York State. Our Constitution requires that a force of 10,000 men be at all times maintained, armed, and equipped, and because our National Guard had been taken into the Federal service, we have recruited, organised, armed, and equipped, since September 1 last, a New York Guard of 21,000 officers and men, whose proudest boast is that since its organisation, less than a year ago, it has transferred to the Federal army eighty-four officers and 5,546 men, almost every one of whom was warranted as a non-commissioned officer upon his enlistment in the Federal service. This makes our guard the nation's greatest training school for non-commissioned officers, something which is of the utmost importance in a new army like that of the United States.

Units drawn from the New York Guard are on active duty at the expense of our State, guarding 600 miles of canals, ninety-five miles of aqueduct, important railway b idges at Niagara Falls, Albany, Poughkeepsie, etc., and sundry munition plants having Federal contracts, thereby releasing for service abroad over 4,000 Federal troops.

Our General Orders No. 14 threatens with court-martial any member of the New York Guard who criticises the Federal Administration of the war.

In addition to the 21,000 men of the New York Guard, we also have about 10,000 Home Defense Reserves scattered throughout the State, outside of New York City, while, under the operations of our Military Training Commission law, we have given military training to about 40,000 young men between 16 and 19 years of age. This makes a total of 71,000 military trained efficients to be credited to the militia idea in New York State alone.

The New York Guard has not only performed all its military duties, but also, since its organisation, produced numerous valuable by-products, something which is natural to the militia idea, but which would be impossible under the militaristic system, where developments would await orders from above. The guard has established a hearty co-operation with all the Chambers of Commerce of the State, thus securing their valuable non-partisan business advice upon administrative questions hitherto decided by the military alone; a fire-fighting squad added to each company of all the regiments has saved property from fire of such value as to elicit complimentary telegrams from the National Board of Fire Underwriters; by organised efforts the guard has sold $25,795,580 of Liberty Loan Bonds; its officers are everywhere active in giving elementary military training to men of draft age, so as to shorten their time in the Federal training camps, etc.

A similar system, developed throughout all the States of the Union would not only produce an impressive aggregate of non-commissioned officers for the Federal army, but would also materially contribute to the safety of life and proper y in the home communities, to preliminary military instruction for men who later would be drafted, and in many ways strengthen the nation for the task to which it has so wholeheartedly addressed itself.

The wisest system for defending our country is that of universal military training along the Swiss or Argentine lines, restricted to ten or twelve months in duration. This is the logical outcome of the American militia idea as opposed to the militaristic large standing army plan. The National Guard system in the past was a groping toward the ideal of universal military training, but it was handicapped because it did not go far enough in the number of men it reached, and was not sufficiently standardised by being under the instruction or graduates from West Point, that finest of military schools.

The effect of camp life upon drafted men is now well known. One division, raised in New York City, showed an average gain of eighteen pounds per man on the physical side, and vastly more gain in mutual understanding among all types of our citizenship thrown together in the great melting pot of camp life. The next blossom on the plant we have named the Militia Idea of America will be universal military training, and after that no militaristic power will break the peace with a nation trained to arms, but having only an insignificant standing army.

Rescuers At Work In Ruins Caused By Hun Raiders

Results of a German air raid on Paris. Officials supervising the work of British soldiers who are removing the debris and searching for victims.

MR. MCKENNA ELECTED CAPTAIN OF HARRIERS

Chosen To Succeed Mr. H. D. Rodger At First Annual Meeting Of Club

Mr. Thomas McKenna was elected captain of the Shanghai Harriers at the first annual meeting of the club held at the Shanghai Rowing Club last night. Mr. McKenna succeeds Mr. H. D. Rodger, who resigned and was later elected to the committee. Mr. F. S. Bridges was chosen vice-captain.

The following officers were re-elected: Mr. E. C. Pearce, president; Mr. Frank W. White, vice-president; Mr. F. H. Watson; honorary secretary, committee, Messrs. M. Speelman, I. A. Donnelly, W. J. Gande, C. H. Rutherford, G. C. Ross, E. Mazzie, A. Lonnis, C. C. Reneman, C. D. Field, H. Madier, C Hooper, J. Watson, J. A. Alves and Mr. Nogi.

Mr. Frank W. White, in his annual report, told of the growth of the organisation and proposed several plans for the season.

The report of the committee and the financial statement were passed and the members discussed plans for the novice championship which is to be run this season.

There was a large attendance.

MERCHANT MARINE CHANGES

The following changes in Merchant Marine Service took place during the week:

China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company—first officer of the Kwangtah, Mr. K. M. Evenson, transferred to the Tungwah; first officer of the Tungwah, Mr. H. Roudye, to the Kwangtah; second officer of the Taishun, Mr. E. Martienon, to the Kwangtah; second officer of the Kwangtah, Mr. J. H. Johnson, to the Taishun and third engineer of the Feiching, Mr. O. Strand, returned from sick leave.

DO ONE THING PROPERLY

A Hint Regarding Work And Health

The people who often succeed in life are not those versatile souls who can turn their hands to anything—Jack of all trades, master of none—but those who devote themselves to doing one thing only and doing it well. So it is with business. Not many people get rich by turning a sewing-machine which will make any thing you like; but fortunes are made by an automatic machine that turns out just one little bolt or screw all day long.

In medicine that which does the most good is the one which does one thing only, and does it well—that is, Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people, which make good, rich, plentiful red blood, and nothing else. All the good effects which have made Dr. Williams' pink pills famous result from their wonderful power of blood-making. The firm step, steady nerves, hearty appetite, improved brain-power, ironclad digestion, firm, red lips, and clear eye, that are conspicuous when Dr. Williams' pink pills are taken—all come from the rich, red blood that they make.

If you are ailing or losing energy you will do well to obtain Dr. Williams' pink pills now. Any dealer can supply you, or send direct, one bottle for $1.50, six for $8.00, post free, by the China offices of the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

How and why Dr. Williams' pink pills achieve wonderful results is explained in a free book, "The Blood and Its Work," for which you should send a postcard to the above address.

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LIST OF PRIZES FOR WHOLE TICKETS

1	First Prize			$50,000
1	Second Prize			15,000
1	Third Prize			6,000
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4	Fifth Prize	1,000	„	4,000
10	Sixth Prize	500	„	5,000
20	Seventh Prize	100	„	2,000
50	Eighth Prize	150	„	2,500
100	Ninth Prize	40	„	4,000
800	Tenth Prize	20	„	16,000
	Each approximate to the First Prize	300	„	600
	Each approximate to the Second Prize	150	„	300
	Each approximate to the Third Prize	100	„	200
4	Each approximate to the Fourth Prize	50	„	200
599	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of first Prize	18	„	10,782
599	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Second Prize	15	„	8,985
399	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Third Prize	12	„	7,188
1,198	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Fourth Prize	12	„	14,376
3,394	drawn tickets	Total		$153,131

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Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Ems.	Jap.	Rec
Today							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Fengtien	14.00	14.00	..	..	..	13.3
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	Chikugo maru	..	..		..	11.00	10.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..			..	21.0
Japan Ports	Chikugo maru	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.3
Tsingtao & Dalny	Kobe maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe via Canada or U S A.		..	10.30	..	..	..	10.00
Peking and T'tsin (Every day	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
T'tsin (Daily except Sunday)		..	15.00	..	..	..	
Hankow		..	17.00	..	..	..	
Ningpo		..	15.00	..	..	..	
Tomorrow							
Nagasaki and Vladivostock			16.00	..	..	..	..
Japan ports	Simbrisk	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00		..		..	21.0
K'ope via N'saki & V'vostock	Simbrisk	..	..	..	16.30	..	1 615
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	do			..	..	c16.30	15.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	Heinfung	21.00	17.00			..	21.00
Wenchow	Kwangchi	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.0
Saturday, October 19.							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Tungchow	9.00	9.00	..	..	..	8.30
Manila Direct	Ecuador	14.30		..	..	..	14.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Kaifong	21.00	17.00				21.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00		..	..	..	21.00
Antung	Faoting	21.00		..			21.00
Japan and America via Moji	Kumano maru				..	p9.00	
Japan Ports	Kumano maru	a7.30	17.00				..
Sunday, October 20.							
Hongkong and Canton	Taisang	9.00	..	..	..		8.30
Swatow and Hongkong		..	9.00	..	..		..
Wednesday, October 23.							
H'kong, S. Ports, Java, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe v. Suez	Dalboa	..	a9.30	..	..	..	..
Manila	Suwa maru	..	..	..	..	f 7.30	16.00
Friday, October 25.							
Japan and America via Moji	Yawata maru	..	..	..	..	a20.00	19.30

* Ordinary mail will close at the French Post Office at 9 a.m. and registered at 5 p.m. on previous day.

B Registration 5 p.m. on previous day.
C Letters and boxes with declared value 3 p.m. and money orders 2.30 p.m.
D Registered articles and letters and boxes with declared value 3 a.m., parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m. on previous day.
E Letters and boxes with declared value 7:30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.
F Letters and boxes with declared value 4.30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. and 9 p.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 p.m. Registration at 5 p.m. the Russian Post Office.

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So much of this help has been given anonymously that we cannot, as we would like to do, thank each one personally. We therefore take this means of expressing to you our heartfelt gratitude and appreciation.

Yours for Victory,

This space contributed for the Winning of the War by

Messrs. American Trading Co., Banque de l'Indo Chine, China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd., China Realty Co., Ltd., Thos. Cook and Son, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Lever Brothers (China), Ltd., National Commercial Bank, Ltd., and W. Z. Zee and Sons.

LIBERTY LOAN COMMITTEE

26 Nanking Road

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, October 16, 1918.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate, @ 5/1½=Tls. 3.90
@ exch. 74.7=Mex. $5.22
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate, @ 122=Tls. 81.97
@ 74.7=Mex. $109.73
Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 74.4375
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 275
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1788
Native Interest ..... Tls. .25

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 49½d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex. Paris on London ..... Fr. 26.03
Ex. N. Y. on London .....T.T. $4.76½

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/2
London ..... Demand 5/2½
India ..... T.T. 344½
Paris ..... T.T. 676½
Paris ..... Demand 679½
New York ..... T.T. 123
New York ..... Demand 123½
Hongkong ..... T.T. 68
Japan ..... T.T. 44½
Batavia ..... T.T. 281½
Singapore ..... T.T. 45½

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/3
London ..... 4 m/s. Cdts. 5/4½
London ..... 4 m/s. Docy. 5/4½
London ..... 6 m/s. Cdts. 5/5
London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 5/5½
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 707½
New York ..... o/d. Docy. 124½
New York ..... 4 m/s. 127½

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Buying Rate for Roubles
Nominal

Roubles 1,325 ..... Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $10.00

Customs House Exchange Rates For October

Hk. Tls. 3.30 @ 5/5½ £1
" 1 @ 712½ Francs 7.94
" 0.69 @ 129½ Gold $1
" 1 @ 42½ Yen 2.64
" 1 @ 15 Rupees 4.55
" 1 @ — Roubles —
" 1 @ 1.50 Mex. $1.50

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, October 16, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf HK $96.50

Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf EX $66.00

Shanghai Gas Tls. 24.00
Semambus Tls. 0.90
Shanghai Malays (Ord.) Tls. 6.00
Ziangbes Tls. 5.40
Tebongs Tls. 15.00
Langkats Tls. 18.25

Unofficial

Anglo-French Lands Tls. 74.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 8.50
Langkats Tls. 18.25
Shanghai Tugs "Pref" Tls. 37.00
Tanah Merah Tls. 0.97½
Tanah Merah Tls. 1.00

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, October 16, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Official

Langkats Tls. 19.00 December
Langkats Tls. 19.25 December
Langkats Tls. 19.50 December

Unofficial

Anglo-French Land 6% Debs. Tls. 82.00
Kota Bahroes @ Tls. 6.00
Karans @ Tls. 8.50
Kungyiks @ Tls. 17.15 December

Exchange Market Report

Messrs. Maitland and Fearon in their Exchange Circular for week ending October 16, write as follows:

Exchange:—The London and New York maximum prices for silver remain at 49½d. and G.$1.01½ respectively.

The easy tendency in our exchange market continued, and though the rate for T.T. on London was maintained at 5s. 2½d. till Saturday, an extensive and general demand for gold T.T. brought us to 5s. 0d. on Monday. The Chinese gold dealers have now a large overbought position in T.T. on London, mostly for December delivery, the liquidation of which is likely to have a temporary steadying effect on our market. During the last two days our local exchange has risen 2d. on this feature. At the close the market is again steady for early delivery but weak forward.

The stock of sycee and bar silver remains at about Tls. 27,000,000. The stock of Mexican and Chinese dollars at $14,800,000 is $750,000 lower than last week.

Cotton Market Report

Messrs. J. Spunt and Co., in their Cotton Market Report for the week ending October 17, write as follows:

China Cotton.—In so far as price changes are concerned the Cotton market, with but feint fluctuations now and then, has been on the whole rather steady during the past week evolving at the close a little firmness.

The drop in exchange will no doubt induce a greater outflow of the local staple to Japan and the demand thus created, coupled with the continued bullish sentiment on the part of holders, may result in a successful issue of their expectations disproving to some extent the bearish element which has been fostered under the influence of the low figures ruling both in the American and Indian markets.

Looking broadly, therefore, at the situation, never losing sight of the world's political movements now in course and the likelihood of a further serious decline in silver, sharp fluctuations may ensue which would direct, as it were the most profitable policy in such an event to take advantage of weak markets to buy. Tone of the market: steady.

Liverpool:
Egyptian Cotton, F. G. F. Sakellaridis ..... 29.40d.
Price of Fine M. C. Bengal... 20.00d.
Price of Good Middling ..... 25.00d.
Price of Good Middling last reported ..... 24.99d.
Tone of market: steady.
New York Market:
Price of Mid American, Dec. 30.65d. March 30.00d.
Market: steady.
Indian Market:
Broach, New Crop .....Rs. 810 per candy.
Market, steady.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Mrs. G. R. Goddard, Mrs. Robbins, Messrs. H. P. Wadman, A. Jost and E. Binder.

Per C.N. s.s. Fengtien from Weihaiwei: Mrs. Little and 2 children, Mrs. Sampson, Misses Hunter, Moston and Tuttleman, Mrs. and Miss Hunter, Mrs. Maguire, Mrs. Anderson and infant, Mstr. Kamp, Messrs. Smith, Bradley, Edwards, Magnussen and Sampson and 2 children.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru from Japan: Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Mackee and child, Mrs. J. W. Brown, Miss E. Strenback, Mr. and Mrs. Coppier, Mrs. Moses, Mrs. G. R. Loebr, Miss M. L. Loebr, Mrs. E. C. Macphail, Mrs. W. Macphail, Mr. and Mrs. Ri, Messrs. A. Levis, D. J. Mauire, B. A. Mackado, J. Gaillard, I. A. Levis, H. A. Havenier, E. A. Strenback, J. O. Forsyth, A. W. Macphail.

Per I.-C. s.s. Kutwo from Kiukiang: Mr. and Mrs. Craig Martin, Mrs. F. J. and Master R. Ravens, Misses Ruth and Elsie Ravens.
and 5Isie Ravens.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL
73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

Amusements

Apollo Theatre

"JACK and the BEANSTALK"

First Matinee

Saturday, October 19th

3 p.m.

Prices: $1.20, $1.00 and 70 cents

Booking at Robinson's

ISIS THEATRE
Corner of Jukong and North Szechuen Roads

PROGRAMME for Thursday and Friday, 17th and 18th October

"Broken Coin"

5th, 6th, 7th and 8th Episodes

Saturday and Sunday

Chaplin Programme

AMUSEMENTS

Apollo Theatre Tonight, October 17

WM. FOX presents The story that never grows old

"JACK AND THE BEANSTALK"

The age-long story of the pigmy who fought the giant. The David against the Goliath. This is the story.

A SPECIAL FOX KIDDIE WONDER PICTURE
1,300 CHILDREN AND A GIANT 8-ft. 6-ins. TALL
A FILM FOR CHILDREN from 5 to 90 YEARS.

10 Wonderful Reels **Filmed** **at a cost of $500,000 Gold**

A SPECTACULAR PICTURIZATION OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST FAIRY STORY.

Your dream has come true.

Were you ever a child?

Do you remember how you used to sit by the fire on cold, stormy nights, at the feet of someone who read to you from a big, flat book? She told you all the marvels of the world and all the dreams that are too happy to be realized in the world. And you listened, rapt.

And when she would turn a page you would jump to your feet at once, and put your hand on her arm, and ask in your child voice:

"May I see the picture?"

Then she would show you a wonderful thing of red and yellow and green and blue, which contained all the fairies of the universe, and the giants and dragons and dwarfs. And you would look at it lovingly, and whisper to her:

"I wish there was a picture of the whole story, don't you?"

COME THURSDAY
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL. BOOK AT ROBINSON'S

BLANCHE SWEET

In a romance of the Balkan War showing the love drama of a Montenegrin girl entitled

"THE CAPTIVE"

in

Five Parts

IS TO EB SEEN

at the

Victoria Theatre

SHOWING ALSO

Three Splendid New Comedies

THE
OLYMPIC THEATRE
PRESENTS
On October 17th
PAULINE FREDERICK
IN THE
Famous Player Masterpiece
"NANETTE OF THE WILDS"
In Five Parts

SHOWING ALSO
A New Gaumont Graphic

"WOMANLY CURIOSITY"
Comedy

"MOTHERLESS KIDS"
Comedy

Commencing Friday, October 18th

The VICTORIA THEATRE

Will Screen the Most Sensational and Interesting Film Series ever Presented to the Shanghai Public

"The Social Pirates"

FEATURING

The Famous American Detective Girls

MARIN SAID and OLLIE KIRKBY

The Two Clever and Fascinating Detective Girls, bound by a compact to right the wrongs of the helpless and unsophisticated who have fallen prey to the schemes of unscrupulous vultures of society.

They meet with a series of astounding adventures in outwitting the sharp-witted tricksters whom they seek to bring to justice. Their encounters take them into all walks of life and the clever ruses they use vary widely with each of the fifteen episodes in the series.

Two clever girls, Mona and Mary, are the mediums through which the author uncovers the methods of the vultures of the social world. Marin Said and Ollie Kirkby are the prominent screen stars chosen for these parts. The girls, who become known as "The Social Pirates," prey upon the tricksters, using fire to fight fire, and incidentally righting the wrongs of the victims of the schemers. Each episode of the series tells of an exciting adventure encountered by the girls in their pursuit of their chosen prey.

Many of the adroit and little-known schemes that are uncovered have a prominent place in police annuals, and it is declared that the author has the hearty endorsement of police authorities in laying bare through the screen the methods of these hypocrites and parasites who prey on society.

What will be welcome news to many fans is the statement that each episode of "The Social Pirates" will be a complete story. There will be no feeling of angry vexation at having the story stop with a "to-be-continued" line just when it becomes interesting, and being forced to sit through repetitions of old matter, or of mystification through having a previous intalment of the series. Three new episodes will be shown at the Victoria every Friday.

Showing on Friday, October 18th

"THE LITTLE-MONTE-CARLO" . . Two Parts

"THE CORSICAN SISTERS" . . . Two Parts

"THE PARASITE" . . . . . Two Parts

APOLLO THEATRE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 17TH

William Fox Presents **THE SCREEN SENSATION OF THE DAY** William Fox Presents

TOLD IN 10 WONDER REELS

THE AGE-LONG TALE OF THE PIGMY WHO CONQUERED THE TITAN, THE DAVID AGAINST THE GOLIATH—THAT IS THE STORY.

"JACK AND THE BEANSTALK"
"JACK AND THE BEANSTALK"
The Story That Never Grows Old
1,300 CHILDREN AND A GIANT 8ft. 6in. TALL
A Magnificent Picturization of the World's Greatest Fairy Story
FOR CHILDREN — From 5 to 90 Years

COST 500,000
GOLD DOLLARS TO PRODUCE

YOU HAVE SEEN THE FIRST FOX PRODUCTION—"WHEN A MAN SEES RED"—HERE IS ANOTHER WINNER—SO COME ALONG.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL BOOKING AT ROBINSON'S

CHINESE AND FOREIGN BANKING ANNOUNCEMENTS

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana
Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

1 French Bund, Shanghai.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidental Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital ...	**$60,000,000.00**
Paid-Up Capital	**12,279,800.00**
Reserve Fund	**$1,298,553.60**
Special Reserve Fund	**$1,898,933.68**

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Account at 2 per cent. per annum, on Dollar Current Account at 1 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 1st August, 1918.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH
N. 1 Kiukiang Road.

Capital ..... **Yen 30,000,000**
Reserves ..... **Yen 4,650,000**

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA

Branches:
Important places in Japan
London, New York, San Francisco Seattle, Honolulu, Bombay and Hankow.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA,
Manager.

Telephones:—
Central 2818 Manager.
Central 2350 General Office.
Central 2356 General Office.
Central 4668 Compradore.
Central 4621 Night only.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ...	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Devellopment de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Chanchun	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Newchwang	Tientsin
Dairen	Nicolayowak	Vladivostock
Hailan	O/Amur	Yokohama
Hankow		

81 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
Managers for China, Japan and India.

THE EXCHANGE BANK OF CHINA

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000
Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description Transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a Specialty. We issue Demand Draft, T/T, Letters of Credit Buying and Selling Specie, Etc., Etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills Discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

YOA YU,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt,) and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 11,595,461, (about £966,288)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tebing-Tinggi
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tegal
Djember	Penang	Telok-Betong
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Hongkong	Rangoon	Weltevreden
Kota-Radja	Semarang	
Langsa	Singapore	
Makassar	Soerabaya	
Medan		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondeents at the principal placles in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tales and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 3 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars acording to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ... Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 24,300,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminister and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Buenos Ayres	London	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dalny	Mukden	Singapore
Hankow	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Harbin	Newchwang	Sydney
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Honolulu	Osaka	Tokio
Kaiyuen	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kobe	Rangoon	Tsingtau

SHANGHAI BRNANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ...	$575 B.
Chartered	£71
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$380 Sa.
North China	Tls. 137½
Union of Canton	$850
Yangtsze	$195 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd.	Tls. 26½ B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$150 B.
Hongkong Fire	$230 Sa.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def ...	Tls. 159
Indo-China Pref ..	
"Shell"	110/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o) ..	Tls. 38½ B.
Shanghai Tug (f) ..	Tls. 37
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9½ B.
Oriental Cons	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80
Raub	$2.40 Sa.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock ...	$155½ B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 140 S.
New Eng. Works ..	Tls. 25½
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ...	Tls. 112
Hongkong Wharf ...	$97 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 74 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 65 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$15 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 200 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 124
Oriental	Tls. 62½ B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 144 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 16½ B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 9
Yangtszepoo Pref ...	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$83 B.
Green Island	$8.55 B.
Langkats	Tls. 18½ B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra ..	Tls. 90 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$13 B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$90 B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5½ B.
Weeks	$13½ S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7½ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.35 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4½ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 16½ B.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 0.85 B.
Bukit Toh Alang ...	Tls. 2½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.75 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.97½ B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7 B.
Cheng	Tls. 1½ B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2½ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6½ B.
Gula Kalumpong ...	Tls. 6 B.
Java Consolidated ...	Tls. 13½ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 5 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.30 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 27
Karan	Tls. 10½
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 5½ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 12 B.
Padang	Tls. 10½ B.
Pengkalan Durian ...	Tls. 4½ B.
Permata	Tls. 1½ B.
Repah	Tls. 0.85 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 0.90 B.
Seekes	Tls. 2 S.
Semambu	Tls. 0.90 B.
Senawang	Tls. 7½ B.
Shanghai Klebang ..	Tls. 0.80 B.
Shanghai Malay ...	Tls. 6 B.
S'hai Malay pref ...	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang ...	Tls. 0.95 B.
Sungala	Tls. 0.60 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 4 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.60 B.
Shanghai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.75 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1½ B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.95 B.
Tebong	Tls. 14½ B.
Ulobri	Tls. 0.70 B.
Ziangbe	Tls. 5.40 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber	Tls. 350 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 9 B.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2
Shanghai Trams ...	Tls. 66 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury ..	Tls. 50
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 83
S'hai Waterworks ..	Tls. 160

S., Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 393
Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:
Per R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk....Oct. 18
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Oct. 19
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Oct. 26
For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per C.M. s.s. Nanking.... Oct. 27
For Europe, etc:—
Per M.M. s.s. Dumbea.....Oct. 29

MAILS DUE.

From U.S. and Canada:
Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador.....Oct. 17

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew market as compiled on October 16, 1918.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-30
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	18-20
Cod	,,	14-16
Mandarin	,,	25-40
Mackerel	,,	none
Pomfret	,,	25-30
Salmon	,,	18-20
Samli	,,	none
Sole	,,	14-16
Whitebait	,,	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-2.50
Duck	,,	40-70
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	70-$1.00
Hare	,,	35-40
Partridge	,,	none
Pheasant	,,	50-60
Pigeons	,,	15-16
Plover	,,	none
Quail	,,	14-16
Snipe	,,	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	35-40
Teal	each	10-12
Wild Duck	,,	35-40
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	10-12
Bananas	,,	6-7
Cherries	,,	none
Chestnuts	,,	10-12
Figs	per doz.	5-10
Grapes	per lb.	14-16
Lemons	each	3
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mongosteens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	2-3
Oranges	per lb.	7-8
Peaches	,,	10-16
Pears	,,	8-16
Persimmons	,,	6-8
Pesboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	,,	20
Pineapples	,,	none
Strawberries	,,	none
Walnuts	,,	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	4-5
Asparagus	per doz.	none
French Beans	per lb.	6-6
Broad Beans	,,	8-10
Woodcock	,,	40-50
Wild Geese	,,	none
Beetroot	per bunch	3-4
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	,,	2-3
Cauliflower	,,	none
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Egg Plant	per lb.	4-5
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	,,	2-3
Parsnips	per bunch	2-3
Potatoes	per picul	$1.40-1.60
Peas	per lb.	6-8
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	,,	5-6
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	$5.50
Flour Australian	,,	$4.30
Flour Shanghai	,,	$2.35
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.65
Bran	,,	$1.90
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	per ton	Tls. 21.71
Firewood	per 50 boundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

F. J. W. MELVILLE,
Chief Inspector.

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.
Inaba Maru ..... Sept. 22
Iyo Maru .....Oct. 15
For Liverpool etc.
Arestes ..... Sept. 20
Glengyle ..... Oct. 14
For San Francisco
Tenyo Maru ..... Sept. 13
Colombia ..... Sept. 15
Shinyo Maru ..... Oct. 5
Venezuela ..... Oct. 12
For Seattle
Fushimi Maru ..... Sept. 15
Kashima Maru ..... Sept. 29
For Tacoma
Arabia Maru ..... Sept. 28
For Vancouver
Bessie Dollar ..... Sept. 19
Key West ..... Sept. 26
Montegle ..... Oct. 14
Melville Dollar ..... Oct. 15
For Naples, etc:
Kwahting ..... Oct. 3
For Port Said:
Canton Maru .....Oct. 9
Towa Maru .....Oct. 16

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Physicians Prescribe Castoria.

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: 1st, The indisputable evidence that it is harmless; 2nd, That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food; 3rd, It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for castor oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any opium, morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a medical journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—Hall's Journal of Health.

The signature of Chas. H. Fletcher guarantees genuine Castoria

"Your Castoria stands first in its class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place."
WILLIAM BELMONT, M. D.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

"I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."
S. A. BUCHANAN, M. D.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

"I take pleasure in recommending your Castoria, having ecommended its use in many instances, and consider it the best laxative that could be used, especially for children."
NATHANIEL K. KING, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

"I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent."
H. J. TAFT, M. D.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."
E. E. EGGLESTON, M. D.,
Omaha, Neb.

Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."
J. B. ELLIOTT, M. D., New York City.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Cover it with Certain-teed Roofing

Try
Dai Nippon Brewery's
NEW TSINGTAO BEER

TSINGTAO BEER

The Eldorado

Tuesday, 15th October, 1918

Bright Music! THE THREE TEXANS First-Class Floor!

in
FUN WITH A TENDERFOOT
INTRODUCING
THE WORLD'S GREATEST FANCY ROPERS
Buckshot Allison and Cowboy Ash
Rope Spinning, Knot-Tying, Half-Hitch Work, Lassoing
The best the world can produce
Something to See — Something to Remember

Prof. Martinez Orchestra

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Oct.	26 —	Tacoma and Seattle	Manila Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Oct.	27 —	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Oct.	28 —	Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	30 —	Tacoma and Settle	Andes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	2 —	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nov.	15 —	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nov.	41 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	28 —	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Oct.	17 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	17 —	N saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Saishu Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	18 —	Nagasaki	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
Oct.	19 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumana Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	23 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	24 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Tategami Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	25 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama Kobe	Kohura Maru Kaga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	26 —	Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	30 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

	—	London, etc.	Kitano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
		London, etc.	Shidzuoka Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
		London, etc.	Aki Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	23 —	Port Said, etc.	Dumbea	Fr.	M.M.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Oct.	17	4.30 Ningpo	Kiangtsen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	17	9.00*Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	18	4 00 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br	B & S.
Oct.	18	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Oct.	18	M.N. Wanchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	19 —	Honakong and Manila	Ecuador	Am.	P.M. S.S. Co.
Oct.	20	D.L. Swatow and Hongkong	Kaifong	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	20	10.00*Swatow, H kong & C'ton	Taisang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	22	D.L. Hongkong and Canton	Jingsan	Br	B & S
Oct.	25 —	F'chow, K lung & Takao	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Oct.	18	10.00*W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	18	5.00 Vladivostock	Simbirsk	Rus.	R.V.F.
Oct.	18	9.00*Tsingtao and Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Oct.	20	D.L. Antung	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	20 —	Tientsin and Dairen	Paoting	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	22 —	Tientsin & Dairen	Dasch. Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Oct.	22	3.00 W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Keelung Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Oct.	19 —	Chefoo and Tientsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	22	10.00*W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Tungchow	Br	B & S.
Oct.	22	100 Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Oct.	22 —	Tientsin and Dairen	Keelung Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Oct.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Oct.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Oct.	19	M.S. Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Oct.	19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	22	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Oct. 16 —	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct. 16 —	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Oct. 16 —	Chefoo	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Oct. 16 —	Hankow	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct. 16 —	Hankow	Tsangtah		
Oct. 16 —	Japan	Harold Dollar	Br.	R.D. Co.

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Oct. 16 —	Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K
Oct. 16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nganking	Br	B & S.
Oct. 16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Oct. 16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 16 —	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct. 16 —	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date From		Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Gun	Man	Commander
3 P	———	———	Quiros	Am. g-b.				
WTW	———	———	Snipe	Br. g-b.				
BVIII	Oct. 7	———	Chiyoda	Jap. cr.				
M.M.B.	Oct. 10	———	Villalobos	Am. g-b.				
W.T.W.	———	———	Nightingale	Br. g-b.				

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Talee Maru**, Captain Y. Taniguchi, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf **Thursday, October 17**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha No. 5 The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Kutwo**, tons 2,664, Captain Gibb, will leave no **Thursday, October 17**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240, Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.— The Str. **Kiangyung**, Captain W. McIlwain, will leave on **Thursday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Captain C. C. William, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, October 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Suiyang Maru**, Captain A. E. Inwood, will be despatched from the N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, October 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha No. 5 The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Tuckwo**, tons 3,770, Capt. Campbell, will leave on **Friday, October 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240, Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, October 19**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Fengyang Maru**, Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, October 19**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha No. 5 The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungting**, Captain A. Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, October 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, October 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, October 17**, at 9 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, October 18**, at 4:30 p.m. F Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

WENCHOW.—The Str. **Kwangchi**, Captain J. H. Davis, will leave on Friday night. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kaifong**, Captain E. B. Jones, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, October 20**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Singan**, Captain W. McDonald, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, October 22**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire. Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

TAKAO (Formosa) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Friday, Oct. 25**, ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Thursday, Dec. 5**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Central Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, October 18**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. **Hsinfung**, Captain W. S. Ross, will leave on **Saturday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Paoting**, Captain P. R. Purslow, will leave on **Sunday, October 20**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN.—The Str. Daichi Maru, Captain H. Miyaji, will be despatched from the Co's. Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Sunday, October 20**, at ——— The steam-launch coveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosne Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund Central Tel. No. 4224 and 4235.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Bennett, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, October 22**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, October 22**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN via TSINGTAO.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain S. Iami will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Tuesday, October 22**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund Central Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA & SEATTLE, VANCOUVER CALLING at VICTORIA, B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA.—The O.S.K. Steamer **Manila Maru**, Capt. N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on **Saturday, October 26**, Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle, Tacoma and Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Vancouver. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B.C. via KOBE YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. Andes Maru, Captain K. Saito, will be despatched on **Wednesday, October 30**. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. For freight please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept. 5 —	Glasgow	Idomeneus	Br.	B. & S.
Sept. 16 —	Japan	Matsu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Sept. 16 —	Hankow	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Sept. 25 —	Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G-N Tel Co
Oct. 1 —	Japan	Meiho Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 3 —	Hankow	Meifoo	Am.	S. Oil Co
Oct. 3 —	Japan	Shinyu Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 7 —	Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.
Oct. 8 —	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
Oct. 8 —	Hongkong	Dumbea	Fr.	M. M.
Oct. 10 —	Japan	Sambashi M.	Jap.	
Oct. 10 —	Hankow	Luenyi	Br	B. & S.
Oct. 10 —	Tacoma, Wash.	Javary	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
Oct. 13 —	Hankow	Bansei M. No. 3	Jap.	S. Shokai
Oct. 13 —		Likin	Chi.	Customs
Oct. 14 —	Hankow	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Oct. 14 —	Hankow	Nganking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct. 14 —	Hongkong	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct. 14 —	Hankow	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Oct. 14 —	Japan	Sapporo Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
Oct. 14 —	Yangtze	Misaki Maru	Jap.	M. B.B. Co.
Oct. 15 —	Hankow	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 15 —	Dalny	Esang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct. 15 —	Japan	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct. 15 —	Japan	Saishu Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct. 15 —	Hankow	Talee Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Oct. 15 —	Hankow	Ningshin	Chi.	H.YP.I. Co.
Oct. 15 —	Hankow	Hanping	Chi.	S.P.S. Co.

Launch Services

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 8 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs Jetty at 5 p.m.

Tuesday, October 22, 1918.

Th tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 12 noon.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. There steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengkiang.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailing every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate, Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailing every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For Ningpo—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

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EUROPEAN LINE
For Marseilles
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AMERICAN LINE.—In connection with the Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.
Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Yokohama and Victoria or Vancouver, B. C.

			arr.	leave.
For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.				
MANILA MARU	(18,000 tons)	Capt. N. Kobayashi,	Oct. 25	Oct. 26
ANDES MARU	(15,000 tons)	Capt. K. Saito,	Oct. 28	Oct. 30
For Hongkong				
CHICAGO MARU	(12,000 tons)	Capt. T. Saito,	Oct. 14	Oct. 15

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tientsin and Dairen				
DAICHI MARU	(1,200 tons)	Capt. H. Miyaji,	Oct. 18	Oct. 20
KEELUNG MARU	(1,659 tons)	Capt. Y. Fukami,	Oct. 20	Oct. 22
For Foochow, Keelung (Formosa), and Takao				
KOHOKU MARU	(2,610 tons)	Capt. S. Ohba,	Oct. 24	Oct. 25

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan.

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Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kweilee left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Haean left Foochow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming left Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangchi left Wenchow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I.-C. s.s. Koonshing will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei, Tsingtao and Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Sangyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

Siccawei Weather Report

15.—Fine weather in our regions; rain in Luzon. Northerly winds increasing or setting in along the whole coast. The barometers have risen in China; the typhoon of the Philippines advances towards the Ballintang Channel.

16.—Misty but very fine weather. Barometer still rising.

Wednesday, October 16, 1918.

Weather	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at Centg., mm	763.78	765.07
Bar. at Centg., inches	30.07	30.12
Variation for mm 24h	−0.37	−0.01
Variation for mm 12h	↑0.46	↑0.46
Wind—Direction	WNW	WNW
Wind—Kilom per hour	13	41
Wind—Miles	8.1	25.5
Temperature—Cen	13°3	17°0
Temperature—Fah	55.9	62.6
Humidity co:	98	78
Nebulosity 5-10	1	10
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

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Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading quotation of freight rates, etc., apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 181.

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SAN FRANCISCO

VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

*S.S. "NANKING"	OCT.	27th
S.S. "CHINA"	NOV.	24th

*S.S. "Nanking" does not call at Nagasaki.

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA

S.S. "CHINA"	NOV.	6th
S.S. "NANKING"	DEC.	24th

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For London or Liverpool via ports.
*(For Liverpool).

	Tons		
SHIDZUOKA MARU ...	12,500	———	
AKI MARU	12,500	———	

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	Oct. 28
SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine	Nov. 18

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

SAISHU MARU	4,000	Capt. T. Oishi,	Oct. 17
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. M. Taniguchi,	Oct. 17
KOKURA MARU	5,000	———	Oct. 25

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Oct. 19
TAKESHIMA MARU ...	4,500	Capt. T. Arakida,	Oct. 23
YAWATA MARU	7,000	———	Oct. 26
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Oct. 30

FOR JAPAN

KAGA MARU	12,500	Capt. H. Segawa,	Oct. 17

KOBE TO SETTLE

KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. R. Shimidzu,	Oct. 18

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa,	Dec. 4
KAISHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa,	March 5

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	———	Oct. 24
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	———	Nov. 26

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

NIKKO MARU	10,000	———	Oct. 20
KITANO MARU	16,000	———	Nov. 20
TANGO MARU	14,000	———	Dec. —

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokahama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homewrd voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

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The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

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Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ = Midnight, 1330 = 1³⁰ p.m.

July 1st, 19 7 and until further notice

Mail 101 B. s.	Mail 3. B. s.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. R. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. s.
2085	845	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2200	1950	1020
2345	1112	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1653	710
000	1125	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2310	524	arr Mukden dep	2300	. .	1040

Local 5. B. s.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line	Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	1705	1612
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin Central dep.	1655	1602
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1631	1547
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	1332	1221
1457	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	1048	926
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	806	640
7.	:	—	220	:	:	8.
800	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	756	1812
1038	2231	—	256	dep. Taianfu dep.	601	1542
1300	038	—		arr. Yanchowfu dep.	349	1311
1315	058	—	318	dep. Yanchowfu arr.	339	1256
1558	316	—	377	dep. Techeng dep.	120	1032
1816	420	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	2336	810
9.	:	—	420	:	:	0.
630	437	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	2329	2017
1156	833	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	1953	1442
1208	849	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	1946	1422
1657	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	1648	928
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	1530	728

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10 B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line	Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1420	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	1410	. .
2300	1420	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	1415	650
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	755	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line						Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line					
930	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	648	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1032	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	552	1125	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	702	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 | = train runs on Thursday only. 230 ¦ = train runs on Fridays only.

| 300 = on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B = train has buffet car with regular meal service

S = train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s = train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

FOCH SETTING PACE TOO FAST FOR FOE

Giving Germans No Chance To Reorganise Their Forces, Says Maurice

LUDENDORFF'S PLANS UPSET

Hoped For A Leisurely Retreat To Prepared Line Of Defense

By Major General Sir F. B. Maurice
(New York Times)

London, August 29.—The Germans are withdrawing on almost the whole of the front from Bailleul to the Aisne. That is the cardinal fact in the situation of the moment. The position is, in fact, very much what it was after Foch delivered his counterstroke last month, but on a very much larger scale. Then the Germans wanted to withdraw from the awkward corner just far enough to allow themselves to re-establish a comfortable and secure line to be held while their reserves were reconstituted. To do this the enemy had to abandon the initiative, and Foch, humming a tune, gave the enemy no rest; and, powerfully aided by the keen vigor of the Americans, pushed him from one selected position to another until he had driven him across the Marne and the Vesle.

There is little doubt that the Germans intended at the time of the battle of the Marne to retire deliberately from various parts of the front, so as to reorganise their troops. Sir Douglas Haig's surprise attack of August 8 upset this plan, and Foch has never since left the Germans a moment's leisure to pull themselves together. He has them by the throat and is shaking them hard. He is not yet in a position to attempt a knock-out blow, but the Germans, while he has hold of them, are unable to hit back. Their whole energies are occupied in parrying.

There are many who are very wisely disposed to check exaggerated hopes by comparing what we are achieving with what the Germans accomplished in March astride the Somme and in their June advance to the Marne. It is also well to remember the way in which we recovered from those blows, and to reckon that the German, when he has time to get his wind, may do so too. At the same time, what we are doing now is very different in scope and intention from what the Germans attempted in the Spring.

Not Trying To 'Break Through'

They then skilfully concentrated very superior forces against a portion of our front, and made a rapid drive deep into our lines, backed by great weight of numbers. There is at present nothing of that nature in our operations. Ludendorff is repeatedly saying that we are attempting a great break-through, and claiming to have defeated our efforts with enormous loss. That is a trick which has become stale by use, and it can now deceive no one who does not wish to be deceived. We are harrying the enemy on a wide front, interfering with his plans, and forcing him continually to place the line on which he means to stand further east.

The most satisfactory features in the situation are that we are doing this while as yet we have no material superiority in numbers, and that we are bound to have that superiority in the future. The enemy will then find what the great combined Allied offensive is like, and in the meantime he is only making himself look foolish by claiming that we attempt to break through two or three times a week.

On the greater part of the front between Bailleul and the Champagne the enemy has copied and elaborated the defensive tactics which we adopted at the beginning of the year, tactics which General Gouraud used with such complete success in order to meet the German attack to the east of Rheims. He is covering the main positions he proposes to hold with outposts or advanced troops, who occupy a belt of country of varying depth. Sometimes this belt is no more than 1,000 yards deep, some times the main position is several miles behind. These advanced troops have with them a high proportion of machine-guns, and their object is to delay us as long as possible and to interfere with our arrangements for attack on the main position behind which almost all the artillery is withdrawn.

Refuge The Hindenburg Line

When we read that our troops have made considerable gains of ground without taking many prisoners or capturing guns, we may be certain that we have driven in the enemy's outposts, but have not yet attacked his main position.

He may attempt to stand permanently along the Tortille, which flows into the Somme near Peronne, and along the Somme to the south of that town, while further east he has the famous Hindenburg Line to which he retired in the Spring of 1917. This line, it will be remembered, runs from just east of Croisilles to Queant, and turns thence southward, passing west of St. Quentin toward Laon. Probably his ambition is to leave us in the devastated area of the old Somme and Ancre battlefields about the time when the weather breaks. If he is then comfortably established in the Hindenburg defense, while we are left without shelter opposite to him, he will feel that he has made the best of a bad business.

The enemy's strongest defensive card consists in his power to fall back to an ever-shortening front. When he gets back to the Hindenburg Line he will save some forty divisions, which will be a great matter to him. If he found it necessary to shorten his front before Aug. 8, he must now be in far greater need to do so, for his losses in the interval have been very heavy. He will not make any very considerable saving short of the Hindenburg Line, so that it is at least probable that his present intention is to withdraw that far. But it is equally probable that he wants to do this as slowly as possible, and that he is being hustled back far quicker than he likes. We are already near to the northern portion of the Hindenburg Line at Croisilles, and it is certain that he will fight hard between Croisilles and Bapaume in order to prevent us getting any nearer until his center and left have been further withdrawn.

Enemy Plans Deranged

Foch's policy of giving the enemy no rest is giving the very best results. For the last six weeks he has succeeded in deranging all the enemy's plans, and there is every reason to hope he will continue to do so during the remainder of the campaigning season. But we must be patient and moderate in our expectations, for it is very unlikely that the enemy will go back faster than he is made to. Our superiority is far from overwhelming as yet.

The public is very naturally skeptical of the oft-repeated statement that our casualties have been very light and the enemy's very heavy. I have seen actual figures of our losses in the last week's fighting, and there can be no question that never before in the war have we gained anything approaching the amount of ground we have recently won nor captured so many prisoners and guns at so light a sacrifice. We have learned much, and in nothing have we improved more than in our methods of tackling the deadly machine-gun upon which the enemy is now relying so much to hold us up. We have now devices in plenty for that purpose, but the best devices of all are the spirit and skill of our troops.

A few days ago a certain Canadian company took part in an attack. After a hard and trying experience in overcoming the German machine-guns, it secured its objective, and a platoon was withdrawn a short distance into support. The officers lay down for a well-earned sleep, but N. C. O.'s and men of this platoon started a discussion on the events of the day, and a hot argument arose as to the best method of defeating the machine-gun. Weary as they were, the subject was one of such vital interest that they decided to turn out and rehearse a scheme which, they agreed after the discussion, was probably the best. This they carried through without their officers, and, having satisfied themselves as to how the job should be done, they put their method into practice at dawn the next morning with complete success. That is the story as I heard it on the very ground where the incident occurred. With such troops victory is certain.

Separate Peace Asked By Turkey

(Continued from Page 1)

talking now to distract them and to remove her armies while the Allies are unable to recommence active operations. "This is not the first time that the Germans have erroneously assumed that President Wilson does not understand them. What the Allies, Great Britain and her Dominions demand is unconditional surrender."

The Daily News remarks that Germany admits defeat but President Wilson also suggested that the military rulers of Germany must be eliminated. On this point Dr. Solf's answer does not carry us any farther.

The Daily Express comments: "The Allies will not trust German honor. The German army must lay down its arms, leaving all its war material in the evacuated area."

Mr. Archibald Hurd in the Daily Telegraph emphasises that Germany, having lost her colonies, has no excuse for a great fleet. If the Peace Conference allowed Germany to retain a naval force proportional to that of four years ago the price of our victory would be disastrous. Therefore the High Seas Fleet must be surrendered.

The Daily Mail remarks that the German reply is not an acceptance of President Wilson's terms. It is only an untrue statement that they have been accepted. If the Germans are prepared to lay down their arms unconditionally and to surrender the High Seas Fleet and Heligoland we should have a guarantee of good faith.

The Times says that the associated governments have not the slightest intention of accepting mixed commissions. An armistice is within the reach of Germany on the same terms as Bulgaria. The Government of the United States is equally determined with the British people that Germany shall abide by the arbitrament of force to which she appealed four years ago.

German Conservatives' Position

Amsterdam, October 10.—A message from Berlin states that the conservative members of the Reichstag have declared: "The evacuation of the occupied territory before an honorable peace and the integrity of German territory are assured may be fatal."

Hindenburg Forced Kaiser To Accept Wilson Terms?

(American Wireless To Renter)

Washington, October 15.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Advices received through a neutral country say it was Field Marshal von Hindenburg, not the supposedly pacifist Premier Prince Maximilian of Baden, who caused the German government to accept President Wilson's peace terms and seek an armistice.

FIRST FILIPINO LAWYER ADMITTED TO U. S. COURT

Application Of Mr. Victoriano Yamzon, Manila Attorney, Granted By American Judge

The first Filipino lawyer to be admitted to practice in the United States Court for China, Mr. Victoriano Yamzon, Manila attorney, was granted permission to appear at the American Court by Judge C. S. Lobingier yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Yamzon is one of the leading Filipino attorneys in Manila, vice-president of the Manila Merchants' Association and Professor of Public Speaking at the University of the Philippines. He is a graduate of the College of Law of the University of the Philippines.

The Weather

Fine today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 80.6 and the minimum 53.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 82.2 and 59.5.

Shipwrights Denied £5 Minimum Wage

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 15.—The Committee on Production has refused the claim of the shipwrights of the Clyde, Barrow, Aberdeen, Dundee and Leith for a minimum wage of £5 per week because it would prejudice the hearing of the case of the whole trade by the Committee, which is fixed to take place on the 24th.

LANGKAT OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received from the Sumatra Director and Manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat.

The Output of crude oil for the week ended 13th inst. was 287 tons.

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SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) **Nanking To Shanghai North—Down**

STATIONS.	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH.....dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.45	15.25	17.15	23.00
SOOCHOW .....dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.55	18.15	19.21	1.08
WUSIH .....dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.21	2.10
CHANGCHOW ...dep.	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.08	16.48	..	21.25	3.10
TANYANG .....dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.16	17.43	..	..	..
CHINKIANG.... dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18.24	..	..	5.06
NANKING.....arr.	11.19	*14.15	16.30	19.20	19.10	..	..	6.50
PUKOW .....dep.	..	15.30	I.P.P. Second day	..	..	..	..	..
TSINANFU .....dep.	..	8.18		..	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN) arr.	..	16.25		..	..	..	..	..
CENTRAL) dep	..	16.55		..	..	..	..	..
PEKING.....arr.	..	19.50		..	..	..	..	..

STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
PEKING.....dep.	..	..	..	..	..	8.35	P.M. P.P.P.	..
TIENTSIN) arr.	..	..	..	..	..	11.40		..
CENTRAL) dep.	..	..	..	..	..	12.00		..
TSINANFU.....dep.	..	..	..	..	..	20.27		..
PUKOW .....arr.	..	..	..	..	..	12.56		..
NANKING .....dep.	..	..	7.20	8.00	11.45	*14.20	15.35	23.00
CHINKIANG ....dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	13.30	16.08	18.16	1.09
TANYANG .....dep.	..	..	9.36	10.59	14.12	16.41	19.08	..
CHANGCHOW ...dep.	7.00	..	10.34	12.18	15.08	17.39	20.20	3.06
WUSIH .....dep.	8.15	7.10	11.28	13.36	16.00	18.29	..	4.11
SOOCHOW .....dep.	9.35	8.08	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.12
SHANGHAI NORTH.....arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.50	19.00	21.00	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) **Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down**

WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep.	6.50	8.10	10.50	13.15	14.40	16.20	18.10	9.55	21.30
KIANGWAN dep	7.17	8.37	11.17	13.42	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.22	21.57
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.25	8.45	11.25	13.50	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.05

SHANGHAI NORTH..dep.	6.10	7.30	10.05	12.25	14.00	15.20	17.30	19.10	20.45
KIANGWAN dep	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.36	14.11	15.41	17.41	19.21	20.56
WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.45	8.05	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	19.45	21.20

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10 00	....	14.50	15.50	...
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15 13	16 13	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9 40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South ..... dep	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sunekiang ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12 02	....	16 07	17 42	....
Kashai ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13 24	....	16.53	18 49	....
Kashing ..... dep.	7 40	10.25	12 30	14.35	....	17 22	19.20	....
Yehzah ..... dep.	8.45	11.06	13 5	15 0	....	17.53	....	....
Changan ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14 00	16 50	....	18 24	....	....
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	2 5	15.25	18.30	....	19..9	....	....
Zahkou ..... arr.	11 35	3.10	15.50	19.00	....	19 35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	7 00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan ..... dep.	....	....	8.04	9 48	....	11.40	15.20	17.35
Yehzah ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12 39	15.51	18.45
Kasling ..... dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16 30	19.39
Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sunekiang ..... dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.		*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*
Shanghai South ..... arr.		*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	..		10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei ..... dep	....		10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield ..... dep	..		10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North ..... arr	...		11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao.... dep.	6 00	8 25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18 35
Kenshangmun .. dep	6 15	8.50	11.40	14.15	16. 5	18.50
Hangchow ..... dep.	6 7	9 15	11 52	14 24	16 30	19 00
Zahkou..... arr.	6.46	9.40	1 . 0	...	16.55	....

Zahkou..... dep.	7.00	10.10	12.25	...	17.20	....
Hangchow..... dep.	7 2.	10.40	12 45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Kenshangmun .. dep.	7.37	1 .57	12 57	15. 2	18.07	19.27
Konzenchiao .. arr	7 50	11.10	13.10	15 25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

Business and Official Notices

The American Consulate General at Shanghai has been informed by telegraph that all outstanding licenses for the importation of pig tin have been revoked as to ocean shipments made after October 20, 1918. No further licenses will be issued for the importation of pig tin, tin ore, and concentrates and any chemical extracted there-from except such as may cover shipments consigned to the United States Steel Products Company.

19769

Shanghai Rowing Club

AUTUMN REGATTA AT HENLI

October 27, 1918

PROGRAM

Griffins' Fours
Hong Fours
Griffin Tub Sculls
International Trial Fours
Sailing Race
S.V.C. and Fire Brigade Fours
Griffins' Pairs
Club Fours
Committee and Club Eights.
Motor Boat Race.

Special train arrangements will be made for competitors on Oct. 13 and 20, and for members and visitors on October 26 and 27.

HOUSEBOAT MOORINGS

Members and visitors requiring houseboat berths are requested to make early application.

Stations will be allotted in the order in which applications are received.

It is advisable to make early arrangements with Towing Companies.

By Order of the Committee,
E. A. ERICSON,
Hon. Secretary.

19713

Mr. and Mrs. Seki

Electric and Hand Massage

Graduated at the Massage School of Tokyo, Japan.

No. 1469, Woosung Road,
End of Minghong Road,
SHANGHAI.

Calculator Machines for Sale

A time-and-money-saving machine which adds, subtracts, multiples and divides. Sold for the small sum of Tls. 15.00 only.

APPLY TO THE
Continental Import & Export Company
8 MUSEUM ROAD.

18867

Dr. James Yuking

Men's Diseases only
Hours: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Y.282 North Szechuen Road.
Special rates to men in uniform.

HONMA HOSPITAL,

No. 2a Miller Road. Tel. North 2961

DR. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial Universities at Tokio and Fukuoka.)
Internal Medicine,
Children's Diseases.

DR. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases,
Confinements, Surgery,
Skin Diseases,
Venereal Diseases

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 10

SHANGHAI TRAMWAYS

(Foreign Settlement)

The Company has for sale 14 tons (approximately) of old Cast Iron Pole Bases, etc., which may be seen at our Permanent Way Depot in the Whashing Road, between Rangoon and Yangtszepoo Road. Offers for the whole or part of the above should be sent to the undersigned at Traction House, No. 7 Soochow Road, not later than Monday, the 21st inst., at 5 p.m.

J. G. SMEATON,
Acting-General-Manager.

19778

Chen Chan Tai & Co.

All kinds of new skins and furs have now arrived from their noted places of produce: sable, ermine, otter, beaver, mink, musquash, tiger, leopard, wolf, raccoon, cat (black all over), and naturally black, white, red, and yellow fox skins, etc., all of superior quality and good for gentlemen's and ladies' garments, collars, muffs, etc. Gray, black and white goatskin rugs in large sizes. Our furs are *superior* and *moderate in price.*

No. 133, Honan Road, Shanghai.
Telephone No. 2933.

19732

Wild Cherry
COUGH DROPS
(Antiseptic)

Stop the tickle and relieve hoarseness at once.

A good all round Throat Pastille and a great favourite with Singers and Speakers.

50 cents a tin. 3 tins $1.25

MACTAVISH & CO., LTD.
Chemists
Opposite the Garden Bridge

Take advantage
of the Genuine Bargains
at
Hill's Bazaar
12 Nanking Road

WANTED

By big naval engineering and building firm, naval engineers, builders and overseers. Apply with bonafide testimonials, and particulars concerning terms and conditions, to Messrs. Brossard, Mopin & Co., Tientsin.

19706

ASTOR GRILL

(Broadway, near Astor House)

Musical Dinner
Every Night
From 8 to 11 o'clock

Best cuisine and wines

Tel. North 1846

BRITISH OFFICIAL WAR FILMS

Under the distinguished patronage of
Sir Everard Fraser
an exhibition will be held at the
OLYMPIC THAETRE
On Saturday, 26th October, 1918
In aid of the
BRITISH RED CROSS

The films to be shown include :
"The Triumph of the Vindictive"
"The Care of the Wounded"
"America arrives"
"American troops"
"Topical Gazettes showing fighting on the Western Front."
etc.

Booking opens at Moutrie's, Thursday, 17th October.

19755

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants, Building Contractors Engineers' Supplies.
A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI.

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls. Stove Polish, Door Springs and Vacuum Bottles.

17997

The Sincere Co. (Shanghai), Ltd.

NOTICE

LOST a New Pass No. ND67868, calling for 18 bales of Wolfram Ore, weight 18 piculs, value Tls. 720.00, mark <L C>. Imported per s.s. "Tai Sang" on 22nd August, 1918. The above Original Pass having been lost and cancelled, the Public are warned not to negotiate same.

19741

EASTERN MAP OF SHANGHAI

Ready for delivery next week. Price Tls. 10.00 (cash) per copy. Please apply to
Geographical and Topographical Society of China
G. C. SHAW,
Acting Manager,
127 Szechuen Road (corner of Hongkong Rd.)
(Former Office: 8B Peking Road)

19763

The Sungei Duri Rubber Estate, Limited

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Eighth Annual General Meeting will be held at 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 22nd. October, 1918, at the Offices of the Secretaries and General Managers, No. 6, Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai, when the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th. June, 1918, will be presented and the ordinary business of the Company transacted.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from the 15th. to the 22nd. October, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MEYER & MEASOR,
Secretaries and General Managers.

19587

Shanghai Hockey League

The Annual General Meeting of the above will be held at the Shanghai Rowing Club on Monday, 21st inst., at 5:45 p.m.

All those interested in Hockey are invited to attend.

J. FORBES CAIE,
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.

19751

TAKE ADVANTAGE

OF THE

HIGH EXCHANGE!

Carry a Gold Dollar Account

WITH

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY

No. 10 The Bund

MACHINES FOR

Calculating	Cheque-writing
Adding	Paper-Punching
Listing	Paper-Clipping
Typing	Perforating
Numbering	Embossing
Copying	Eyeleting
Dating	Stamping

Carbons, Ribbons, Erasers, and a complete line of office supplies in stock

Filing Systems A Specialty

Phone Central 4778 **THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.** Phone Central 4778

4 Canton Road, Shanghai

Your Next Storage Battery should be a—

Pre-O-Lite

There is a correct size for your car

Service Station And Sole Agents for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS

No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)

Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions

Telephone Central 3829

THE CATHAY LACE CO.

19 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Chief Manufacturers and Exporters of Hand-made Laces, Embroideries, etc.

BIG STOCK
of
FILET LACES FOR WHOLESALE

TURKISH BATH and MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENT

Specialty for rheumatism and nervousness; fat people reduced. 15 years' experience in U.S.A. Patients attended at their residences by arrangement.

Prof. I. K. SETO,
Tel. N. 2768, 25 North Szechuen Road

MASSAGE

RUSSIAN LADY (Petrograd graduate), experienced masseuse. Treatment of obesity, rheumatic complaints, general debility, strengthening of muscles and nerves. Development of weak children a specialty. Face Massage. Mme. M. Naoumova, Palace Hotel, Room No. 321.

19431.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED, by British firm, young foreigner with experience of office routine. Preference given to one with knowledge of shorthand. Good commencing salary and prospects to suitable applicant. Apply to Box 75, THE CHINA PRESS.

19721.

EDUCATIONAL

WANTED immediately, an English lady and a well-educated Chinese to teach English in a High School. Must be good pronouncer. Apply to Box 93, THE CHINA PRESS.

19771 O-17

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, offices, No. 37A Canton Road, 1st and 2nd floors. Also one large ground floor godown, No. 4A Kiangse Road. Apply to No. 10, Yangtszepoo Road.

19759 O-22

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, 1 Museum Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms-front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.
Telephone North 433.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE
8 Quinsan Gardens

TO LET with Board large and small comfortable rooms with bath-rooms attached. Accommodation for table boarders. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO RENT from 15th instant, newly and well furnished rooms with bathrooms attached, suitable for married couples or bachelors. Hot and cold water, tennis court, garage, stabling, telephone, etc.
Apply Mrs. Widler,
167 Bubbling Well Road.

YOUNG ALLEN TERRACE No. 1
(Opposite Quinsan Gardens)

To let with board, nicely furnished large and small rooms, bathrooms attached.
Also accommodation for table boarders.

19768

TO LET, well-furnished attic room. Please apply to Mrs. G. Pearson, 17 Quinsan Gardens.

19779 O-19

TO LET in French family, a nice room with board. Apply 354 Avenue Joffre near French Park.

19764 O-19

TO LET in Park Lane, in a private family, nice unfurnished front room, with bathroom and the use of kitchen and garden, if desired. Apply to Box 84, THE CHINA PRESS.

19740 O. 17

FOR $90.00: Large, double room (bathroom attached). Central district. Excellent board. Apply to Box 67, THE CHINA PRESS.

19735 O.17.

TO LET: 51 Szechuen Road, unfurnished rooms, single suites or flats. Steam heat, hardwood floors, modern baths, hot water services.

19539

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: A first-class salesman to sell high-grade Cigars. None need apply but those who have had previous experience in this line and can furnish references. Sonn Brothers Company, 50 Kiangse Road.

19777 O-19

WANTED: Male stenographer for Peking. State age, experience and salary expected. Apply to Box No. 82, THE CHINA PRESS.

19738 O. 19

WANTED at once, a competent stenographer, for one month only. Apply to Box 94, THE CHINA PRESS.

19773 O-19

WANTED, experienced lady stenotypist. Apply to Box 89, THE CHINA PRESS.

19752 O-18

WANTED, a reliable Chinese salesman and collector with commercial knowledge. Apply to Mr. Loh Wen Tsong, between the hours of 5-6 p.m., Singer Sewing Machine Co., Sales Department, P474 Nanking Road.

19761 O-18

WANTED, an advertising salesman of highest-class to solicit advertising for special edition of well-known publication. Write to Box 76, THE CHINA PRESS.

19722

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED: Small unfurnished room with bathroom attached, including lighting and service but excluding board, in the vicinity of the French Park or Central district. Apply to Box 86, THE CHINA PRESS.

19744 O-18

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET: Excellent seven roomed house, best part French-town, rent only Taels 110. For further particulars and permission to inspect, apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

19775

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED: Advertiser has Tls. 200,000 to invest in residence or business improved property. Must be in Settlement or French-town and price must be reasonable. Apply to Box 95, THE CHINA PRESS.

19774

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND: Hunting dog at Kashing, October 10th. Owner may recover same by identifying, and paying costs. F. R. Crawford, Kashing.

19760 O-17

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE: One very fine large pony, suitable for riding or carriage. Apply to Box 91, THE CHINA PRESS.

19767 O-19

FOR SALE: Harley-Davidson motor-cycle, twin-cylinder, 1918 model. For full particulars, apply to Box 92, THE CHINA PRESS.

19770 O-19

FOR SALE: Two English pointers, dog and bitch, 3½ years old, first-class workers, retrieve land and water. Willing to accept Taels 260, or nearest offer for both. Gentleman leaving China. Apply to Box 69, THE CHINA PRESS.

19776 O-19

FOR SALE a small sailing yacht, with auxiliary detachable outboard-motor, in the very best of condition. Length 23ft., beam 7ft. 3ins. Will sell very reasonably. For particulars, apply to Box 467, THE CHINA PRESS.

19766 O-22

FOR SALE: Two Australian saddle horses, with complete equipments. Apply to Box No. 81, THE CHINA PRESS.

19737 O. 20

FOR SALE: "Dodge" roadster, four-cylinder, three-passenger, recently completely overhauled and painted grey by Horse Bazaar, tyres all recently purchased, Goodrich and Goodyear. Perfect condition, self-starter, electric lights, all modern improvements; has only run 3,700 miles. Will sell Tls. 1,100. "Studebaker" roadster, six-cylinder, three-passenger, also recently improved by Horse Bazaar, blue black in colour, tyres all completely new, Goodrich and Goodyear. Perfect condition, very smooth running, self-starter, electric lights, all modern improvements, new aluminum running boards. Will sell at a sacrifice Tls. 1,500. Apply to Box 88, THE CHINA PRESS.

19750 O-18

FOR SALE: English billiard table, full size, good condition. Owner giving up business. Will sell cheap. What offers? Apply direct to Mrs. Green, Universal Hotel, 35 Broadway.

19748 O-19

FOR SALE: Buick, 1917 model, 4-cylinder, 5-passengers. A1 running order. Apply to Box 78, THE CHINA PRESS.

10730 O-20

FOR SALE: Light, twin, Indian motor cycle, in good running order, Tls. 125. See it at Star Garage.

19745 O-18

PIANO FOR SALE, perfect condition, practically new. Bargain. Owner leaving China. Bought Robinson's. To be seen their showrooms, Nanking Road.

19743 O. 17

FOR SALE: E. Leitz, microscope (made in Germany). Oil immersion up to 1050 with mechanical stag. Best offer. Apply to Box 77, THE CHINA PRESS.

19728 O. 17